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VOL. 38. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1903. NO. 25.

A BIG JUBILEE EVENT.

Welsh Bros'. Shows Promise Many Rare Sights and Up-to-Date Features.

The town and vicinity is heavily billed for the appearance of the famous Welsh Bros'. Big Railroad Shows. The Welsh Bros. do not come here as strangers or adventurers, but as proprietors of a show whose reputation with press and public stands second to none. Its success has been achieved by the fundamental principle of offering the best in the market at the lowest price. It is strictly moral in tone and character and not one word said or done to offend the most fastidious lady or gentleman. The features this year are better than ever, one of the most prominent is the renowned Takezawa Royal Japanese Troupe (eight people). These dexterious Orientals appear in many amazing acrobatic and novelty acts, all gorgeously embellished with unique and costly paraphernalia and costumes typical of their native land. Another great card is the introduction of Prof. John White's conclave of trained animals, which comprises several Arabian horses, twenty-five dogs, goats, mules and monkies, all marvelously trained and exhibiting exploits and tricks out of the ordinary line. Then there are many big aerialistic acts, clever lady gymnasts, up-to-date clowns, jugglers, wire walkers, and sensational specialists of every kind. Seats are provided for five thousand persons; uniformed ushers are in attendance to look after the wants and comfort of patrons. The street parade will leave the show grounds on the morning of the exhibition promptly at ten o'clock. The exact day and date here is Emporium, Monday, August 17th, at 2 and 8 p. m.

Mr. Gallagher's Melon Party.

Last Saturday Mr. Thos. Gallagher gave a melon party for a number of his friends, composed of the two young ladies from Buffalo; Miss Thomas; Miss Steck; Miss Linglo; Miss Nangle; Mrs. Moore, and Mrs. Cloyes. "T. C." was right at home with the melon knife and after supplying each with a hunk of the melon, slipped into a crowded spot among the girls to have his picture "took" by Mr. Grant Allen, who was perched upon a barrel with his camera. Grant is pretty sure of footing but when he did tumble down he took a small boy with him; said he never did like to go places alone.

"Dick" was so busy eating melon that he never noticed a handful of seeds one of the girls poured down the back of his neck. Ruben "smelled de melon" from the furnace and came running over to see what was doing. He obligingly agreed to pose for his picture showing "de white folks how to eat melon," if given a whole one to operate on, together with the irrepressible small boys who were ready to "dig in" at the word "go!"

Unfortunately the girls could not stay long. Come again ladies, all of you—and more; we are never so busy but what we are glad to see you, and after a short visit with you, the sun shines brighter, the world seems better, and our burdens lighter.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

RISHELL.

Mrs. Catharine A. Rishell, the wife of W. A. Rishell, died at her home near Clintondale on Sunday afternoon, after patiently suffering for two years with a complication of troubles. Deceased was 60 years old and is survived by her husband and the following children: Robert, John and Lewis, of Austin; Samuel, of Johnstown; James, of Johnsonburg; Thomas, of Clintondale; Charles, of Emporium; George, of Erie, and Mrs. George McClintock, of Johnsonburg. Burial was made Wednesday afternoon at Cedar Hill. The funeral was very largely attended by near relatives and friends, and the body was borne to its last resting place by the eight sons.

LININGER.

Edward Lininger, aged 28 years, died at his home near Cameron, last Monday, after a long illness from pulminary complaint. He was a very exemplary young man and had a large circle of friends. A father, three brothers, and one sister survive him. Services were conducted in the hall at Cameron, last Wednesday, jointly by his pastor the Rev. R. J. Knox and the Rev. O. S. Metzler. Members of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, of which the deceased was a member, acted as bearers. Interment was made in Newton Cemetery, at this place.

For Rent.

Nicely furnished rooms with bath for rent. Also suitable for light housekeeping. Apply at PRESS office

A Coming Entertainment.

The Corner Stone Club met Saturday evening and decided to hold an entertainment Thursday evening, August 27. These ladies are conscientious and possessed of much more than ordinary artistic ability, so we may look forward to a particularly enjoyable treat.

His New Situation.

Frank McCabe, now with the City Drug Store has accepted a position with Jacob Hurwitz. He will take his new situation August 15th. Mr. Hurwitz has undoubtedly secured a valuable aide and a host of friends will wish Mr. McCabe a successful career as clothing, gents furnishings and dry goods clerk.—Austin Republican.

Camping Party.

The Rev. J. M. Robertson of Emmanuel Church has taken a party of Sunday school boys to the DuBois camp in Hick's Run for a two day's outing. The following boys compose the party. Max Balcom, Carl Hacket, Floyd Faucett, Burton Edwards, George Fetter, Clyde Thomas, Rodney Shives, Charles Cloyes, Eddie Viner, Frank Housler.

Farmer's Institutes In This Section.

Director of Institutes Martin, of the department of agriculture, at Harrisburg has issued a list of the Pennsylvania farmers' institutes for the season of 1903-4, showing the counties, towns and dates when these institues, will be held. The dates for Cameron county, place not selected, is January 19, 20 and 21.

A Contemptible Trick.

Some miscreants sneaked into the back room of Mr. Taggart's drug store, Saturday morning, and stole most of the Candy Kitchen Club's candy, which they had made for the afternoon sale; much to the regret of their many customers who think there is no candy quite so good as what the girls make. As the proceeds from the sale of their candy goes to the new church building fund, it was a particularly contemptible steal. The PRESS will have an eye on the watch for these persons and if we catch them their taste for candy will be spoiled for some time to come.

Woodsman's Awful Fate Under Engine.

Henry Herring, a woodsman, was instantly killed on the Philadelphia and Erie railroad Saturday night. He left the station at Wetham shortly after 10 o'clock, saying that he intended walking to the home of Joseph Johnson, a mile or more away.

He started up the railroad tracks, and had gone only half a mile when he was struck by an east bound light train, consisting of engine and caboose. He was horribly mangled, and death must have been instantaneous. His head was crushed and both legs broken.

Coroner Shoemaker was called, but he did not deem an inquest necessary, as the facts showed the death to have been accidential. Herring was about forty-seven years of age.—Williamsport Sun.

Delighted With Emporium.

Miss Edna Becker and Miss Florence Robertson, two charming young ladies of Buffalo, who arrived in our town some two weeks ago to visit Miss Eva Yates, left Sunday for home, via Portage Falls. They report having the jolliest kind of a time here and were as sorry to leave us as we were to have them go. Miss Yates gave a little party for them in the Reading Room, on their arrival, where they met many of our young folks and from that on found their time crowded full of walks, drives and delightful little parties. Last Friday they made a trip to the woods on the E. & R. V. R. R. with Mr. and Mrs. Lingle. Mr. Lingle is The Man of the woods and to go with him is an open sesame to the hospitality of the road and camps. They say they had a dinner at Camp 19 which would have been a credit to the chef of a city hotel. "Jimmie" Murphy furnished the surprise of the day, with a practical demonstration of the amount of grub a healthy country boy can stow away. Fortunately Mr. Davison with his supply train arrived before it was time to get the men's supper, else Jimmie would not have gotten an invitation to visit Camp 19 again—at meal time. The girls attended Mr. Gallagher's melon party Saturday and hurried away for a drive over our beautiful hills. Come again, next summer, ladies, and you will find we have not forgotten you.

If you want a good suit of clothes for a very small price, make N. Seger a call and you will be convinced that at his store is the cheapest place this part of the state to buy your clothing.

Fatal Accident.

Harry Cleveland, whose parents reside at Bells Run, about nine miles from Port Allegany, was the victim of a fatal accident last Sunday night at the Emporium Junction. He was employed as a brakeman on a west-bound freight, and had left his train to deliver a message, when a car on which there was no light and whose approach he did not see, in the prevailing darkness struck him, the wheels passing over both legs, horribly mangling them. He was taken to the trainmen's office near by and Dr. Smith summoned, but owing to his extremely weak condition, a reaction being awaited, an operation was not attempted. He lingered about two hours and surrounded by his physician, the Rev. Metzler, who, at his request, had been sent for, and a large number of his sympathetic and true hearted fellow workmen, he passed away. It was a truly pathetic scene and its impression must long abide. Deceased was about 22 years old, and had been employed as a brakeman for nearly a year on the run from Renovo to Kane. He enjoyed the esteem of all the boys who speak in praise of his many manly qualities. His father arrived soon after his death and the remains were taken to Bells Run for burial.

The New Presbyterian Church.

The laying of the foundation facing stones of the new church is about completed. They are beautiful stones and artistically laid. We are told that it would only cost about fourteen hundred dollars more to face the entire building with them, instead of brick. This would make it one of the most beautiful churches in this section of the State, and add greatly to the beauty of the town, besides harmonizing with those fine old maple trees and the stone Episcopal church across the street. Our townspeople, who are ever generous in church matters, have watched, with admiration, the magnificent struggle the Presbyterians are making to build their church, from the youngest member in the Sunday School to the oldest member in the congregation, and would be glad to contribute directly or indirectly to this added cost, if given the opportunity to do so.

Take a Stand Against Lynching.

There has been an alarmingly increased number of lynchings during the past few months, in Northern as well as in Southern States. We have often wondered what would be the result if an occasion should arise in Emporium to tempt the spirit of lawless mob vindictiveness. It is highly probable that with the same provocation that has been given in other places, a lynching mob could be as easily assembled here as elsewhere, unless we shall school ourselves strongly in advance in a sentiment that is unalterably opposed to all lawlessness. To be forewarned is to be forearmed. Let the idea that all lynching is murder take fast hold of our minds. That is what a right minded jurist, like Justice Brewer, calls it. If we shall all make up our minds in advance that lynching is wrong and not to be tolerated and if we determine resolutely in advance that we will do all in our power to uphold the hands of the law if the hour of trial should come, there can be no doubt that the majesty of the law will remain unsullied among us. Every citizen should read the letter of President Roosevelt to Governor Durbin of Indiana. No stronger utterance against lynching has appeared from any quarter.

Another thing to remember in this connection. The underlying idea which impells to lynching and other forms of mob violence is the thought that law has not been and is not going to be justly administered. There is no doubt reason sometimes for complaint of the law's delay and of miscarriages of justice; but on the other hand it is far too easy to exaggerate these evils. Many people allow themselves to fall into a sneering and cynical spirit. They affect to see no truth or honor or justice anywhere. They sneer at civil authorities and at all in places of influence and responsibility. As for their own part and responsibility in the life and government of the community, they seem utterly oblivious to it. They always say "they" when speaking of the organized community, never "we".

We should discourage this base spirit in ourselves and in others. It feeds the monster of anarchy and lawlessness.

The Kandy Kitchen Klub will hold a lawn ice cream social at the home of Chas. Clark on 5th street, Friday evening, August 14th. Everybody come and see how nice the K. K. K. will do you up.

FLORA SCHLECHT, President.

Base Ball.

There will be a game of base ball at Howard Park to-morrow afternoon between Austin and Emporium teams, weather permitting.

Festival on Saturday Night.

The Howard Siding M. E. congregation will hold a festival in the school house, on Saturday evening, Aug. 15, to which all are cordially invited.

Camping Out.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gleason and Dr. and Mrs. Corbett, of Driftwood, form a merry party of campers who have pitched their tents at a point near Huntley for a week or more.

Entertains Batchelor Girls.

Mr. Josiah Howard, this evening entertains the Bachelor Girls, giving a dance in the Park Pavilion in honor of her niece, Miss Encie Howard, and Miss Howard's guests's Misses Louise and Elizabeth Searles, of Herkimer, N. Y.

Efforts Crowned With Success.

The festival given at Cameron on Saturday evening was a very great success. The finance committee appointed by the Pastor of the M. E. Church, showed their ability along this line by netting $24.05. The committee as appointed were: Mr. Doutt and wife; Mr. Swan and wife, and Mrs. Dininney. These were ably assisted by several others and especially by the young ladies.

Will Leave Us.

The many friends of Dr. and Mrs. A. W. Baker will be sorry to learn that they have decided to leave Emporium. The Dr. and his estimable wife have been residents of our town for the past nine or ten years and have a host of warm friends who will regret to see them go. They will depart for Williamsport about September 1st and take up their residence at 427 Park Avenue. May they ever continue to prosper, is our wish.

Why Not Emporium?

It is authoritatively announced that the Penn'a R. R. Company will erect a $20,000 stone and brick depot at Port Allegany. While congratulating our neighbor on its deservedly good fortune the right of Emporium to a like improvement cannot be gainsayed. The accommodations at the Junction are obviously inadequate, and it is earnestly hoped that the Company in recognition of this fact will make early provision for the comfort of its traveling patrons.

Italians Arrested.

On Tuesday night Chief of Police Mundy received a telegram from the Chief of Police, of St. Marys, to be on the lookout for nine Italians who were wanted at the latter place. It appears that the men were brought from New York city to work on the railroad but when they arrived they refused to go to work and took a tie pass to Emporium where they were arrested yesterday morning and taken back on Erie mail.

Tailor Shop Moved.

J. L. Fobert has moved his tailoring establishment into rooms at the Odd Fellows Hall, where he will be pleased to greet his old customers. Mr. Fobert has established a nice bnsiness in Emporium and is continually looking for opportunities whereby he can better serve the trade. If you want a neat fitting and well made suit of clothes call on him. Read his new ad. in another column.

His Way of It.

Master Earl McDougall, son of Alex. McDougall, visited Portage Falls last Sunday. Everybody knows Earl, and especially some of his unique traits of character. One of these is his perseverence to obtain money, and his anxiety to spend it. It is useless to say that he is a "dyed-in-the-wool" Democrat—a chip off the old block in this particular—but, notwithstanding, there is not a thing that will quench his desire to "loosen" when he's got it, and so it was at the Falls. He purchased of everything in sight until he had but ten cents left, and as he was ascending the steps of the car, the last "speeler" on the list presented a button photo of "Teddy", and true to his nature Earl out with his ten cents and made the purchase. He said he did'nt like him very well, but he was pretty good looking, and that ten cents was getting hot.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, Pa., August 14th and 15th. If you can't see well or have headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he guarantees to cure all such cases. Lenses ground and fitted in old frames. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed.

"Study to be Quiet."

This wholesome counsel is often needed by young men who are discontented on account of the demands which their situation makes upon them. There is something that is of far more importance to us than the spirit of restless, feverish excitement, it is the possession of a calm, strong, earnest and thoughtful character. There is one condition of success that is absolutely essential, viz., strict, intelligent, faithful, hearty attention to our business, whatever it may be. Whether we are waiting on customers in a store, or are in charge of books in a counting room, or at work in mill or shop, or field, we should study to do our own business, to do it well, to do it heartily, to do it faithfully, putting all the intelligence into it that we possess.

And in doing our work we should "study also to be quiet." We shall have many occasions to exercise a firm control over self. Many times we shall be tempted to give way to a spirit of restlessness and discontent We shall think that the hours are long, that the demands made upon us are severe, that our reward is small and our promotion slow. We will be tempted sometimes to think that others are shown more favor than we, and that the best thing, therefore for us to do is to throw up the ungrateful situation.

The best counsel that we can receive at such a time is the message: "Study to be quiet." Let us control our restlessness and discontent. We must not expect to have everything arranged strickly according to our present liking. We very probably have to do with others who are older and presumably wiser than we are. Our employer or superintendent very possibly understands ourselves. His demands may not be so unreasonable as we feel disposed to imagine. Let us "study to be quiet." Let us be patient. Let us not become any less faithful or diligent or painstaking. All things come to him who waits. Great rewards or recognition seldom come early. Let us be content, or at least patient, if we see others better known or better paid than we. If we keep command of ourself, if we maintain a quiet and contended mind, if we keep steadily at our own proper business, we shall achieve a success of which we shall not need to be ashame.d

Baptist Church Notes.

The pastor will begin a series of seven sermons next Sabbath morning: "The Seven Covenants of the Bible." The Adamic; the Noachic; the Abrahamic; the Mosaic; the Deuteronomic; the Davidic the New. It will be a continuous, connected disposition of the Bible from Genesis to Revelation.

The Evening Evangelistic service will consist of "Sparks from my Study Anvil," "Startling Soul-Stirring Truths from Life," "Wide-awake heart to heart talks." The services are one hour only. Morning 11 to 12. Evening 7:30 to 8:30.

The Bible School meets at 12:15 and all children who are not attendants elsewhere are cordially invited to meet with us. C. E. Crandell, Supt.

The Y. P. S. C. E. also extend a warm welcome to all to meet with them Sunday evening, 6:30. B Olmsted President.

The Wednesday evening prayer and praise service is largely attended, but as there are several vacant chairs, we shall be delighted to have them occupied by YOU. If you come once, we know that you will come again.

The pastor Rev. Pugsley was warmly welcomed last Sunday by a very large congregation.

As Old As You Feel.

People quit growing old at forty half a century ago. They quit it when they ceased thinking themselves old at forty, ceased dressing themselves old at forty, and ceased actually being old at forty, not to speak of thinking themselves old at forty. What have become of the widow's caps, and the matron's caps, and the solemn and stiff suits our fathers and grandfathers wore at forty? Gone to perdition and the clo' junk shop, where they ought to have been. The young man of fifty or sixty now wears the natty sack tweeds or serges that his son or grandson wears tipped off with a jaunty hat. He goes to baseball, the races, he keeps up with the possession, and is all in for a good time in moderation, healthfully. The young women with him in white or colors, with the gay hat, who has the manners of a youthful, but self respecting girl of twenty in the last century, is his wife perhaps a grandmother, but none the less young and happy yet They feel young, they dress young, they believe themselves young and in the language of the late A. N. Cole—"By the Great Horned Spoon, they are young!"—Wellsville Democrat.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Fair.
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Probably Fair.

BRIEF MENTION.

Bills are again posted in Renovo for a circus.

The best is always the cheapest and that is the kind of goods N. Seger handles.

The First Methodist Episcopal Sunday School will hold its annual picnic at Keystone Park, Thursday, August the 20th.

Chief of Police Mundy arrested an Italian for being drunk and disorderly yesterday afternoon and placed him in the lock-up. At a late hour last night the fellow was still in safe keeping not being in proper condition for a hearing.

Galeton Leader-Dispatch has changed hands. Miss Effa R. Beaver, former editor and manager has purchased the plant and now becomes sole editor and proprietor. The Leader-Dispatch is a bright newsy paper and we wish the editor success.

Make yourself useful, agreeable, kind, even at the cost of a struggle or two with your own temper and disposition. Fill your life brimful of occupation—some work, some play, enter into all you do with life and energy, and you'll find that you need not worry about having a good time.

People who buy spectacles of peddlers will be interested in knowing that a peddler arrested in Ohio last week charged with using the name of a Cleveland opticion, confessed that spectacles he sold were made of ordinary window glass, and cost him ten cents a pair, while he sold them at from $3 to $10.

An exchange says; An editor works 365¼ days per year to get out 52 issues of his paper—that's labor. Once in a while somebody pays him a year's subscription—that's capital, and once in a while some sneak takes the paper a year or two without paying for it—that's anarchy. But there is a place prepared where the last named creature will get his just deserts—that's hell.

The Corner Stone Club had a letter last week from Miss Edna Warner, a former member, now of Denver, Col., expressing keen interest in the doings of the club and their efforts to raise money for the new church. She writes she can hardly wait for the PRESS to see what progress is being made on the church. Miss Warner's heart is in her native town and home church. Her interest and enthusiasm greatly encourages the club.

In addition to the usual oath of allegiance the new oath which foreigners desiring to become naturalized citizens of the United States will be compelled to take hereafter contains this clause: "That I do not advocate or teach the duty, necessity or propriety of the unlawful assaulting or killing of any officer or officers, either of specific individuals or of officers generally, of the government of the United States or of any other organized government, because of his or their official character.

Milton Standard: Down in the "Marsh" between Milton and Montandon, there is a man living who several years ago married a woman who died after two children had been born. Shortly after her death he married a widow with two daughters. Two children were born to them when she died and he afterwards married the oldest step-daughter. They now have two children by the last marriage and the neighbors are trying to figure out the relationship of the children to each other.

The most miserable creatures on earth are those who hate—the happiest are those who love, well says an exchange. Love sets the spirits aglow. Hate depresses them. When you hate people and speak ill of them, and wait opportunities for revenge, you injure yourself beyond measure. You injure the party hated not at all. Looking through the glasses of a sour and envious nature you imagine a person to be full of mean traits and deformities. It is yourself you see. No wonder it makes you furious.

One of the bugbear's of old time people is night air and there is little exaggeration in saying the superstition against night air has killed more people than the free circulation of it has ever injured. There is abundance of proof that night air is injurious to no one. On the contrary, people who sleep out doors under the mere protection of a tent are the heartiest of all people, and the practice has largely gained in popularity of late years, under wider knowledge of hygiene, for people in delicate health to go out in camping parties and breathe the balsam of the night air.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

A ladies' school of music in a suburb of Vienna has owned three cats during the course of the past year, and each has gone raving mad, according to the testimony of a veterinary surgeon. The diurnal discord within the establishment is reported to be earsplitting in the extreme. The school now owns a deaf cat, which sits out the trumming of a dozen pianos with sphinx-like imperturability.

A five-mile range is claimed for the new model Springfield army rifle, which will be the deadliest small arm yet designed in the United States or Europe. The Krag-Jorgensen, or United States magazine rifle, with which the regulars were equipped in the Spanish war, and which at that time was regarded faultless, is, according to recent tests, but a mere toy as compared with the new weapon.

The library at Windsor already contains about 100,000 volumes, to which additions will continue to be made. Henry VIII. was the first monarch to establish a library at Windsor, and by the time of George II., who handed the books over to the British museum, there was a considerable collection. William IV. was an indefatigable book collector, and it was by his orders that the rooms at present occupied as a library were set apart for that purpose.

Under the direction of State Entomologist John B. Smith and his assistant, H. H. Brehme, the work of ditching the mosquito breeding pools on the meadows in the vicinity of Newark, N. J., was begun when an improved ditching machine was placed in position. The apparatus consists of a gasoline engine, to which dredging machinery has been attached. The entire meadows will be ditched in an effort to destroy the breeding places of the mosquitoes and exterminate the pest.

Menus at special dinners are always good keepsakes for sentimental reasons, but the menus at the dinner given recently by Mrs. Theodore Kramer, of New York, in honor of the sixth wedding anniversary of her friend, Mrs. M. D. Bernsteen, have not only that value, but another value as well. The menus were engraved on the backs of twenty-dollar gold certificates. There were in all 12 guests, and at the plate of each was a twenty-dollar menu.

The moat which so often surrounded halls and castles in the old days is now generally dry and filled up, but some remarkable specimens still remain. Perhaps the finest example of a moated house is Helmingham hall, the seat of Lord Tollemache, in Suffolk, about eight miles from Ipswich. The drawbridge still remains, and it has been raised every night for more than 300 years, the ancient precaution being observed, even though the need for it has long passed by.

A delicate operation has just been performed in the Massachusetts Homeopathic Hospital, whereby a woman was saved from total blindness. Frog skin was grafted around her eye, where the flesh is most sensitive, and the process was attended with great danger. The flesh about the eye had become bruised and the skin became affected. Both to save the eyesight and to prevent the socket from having a bald, hideous appearance, the graft had to be made. The patient has fully recovered.

Every year two or three days after the fete of St. John, a market of human hair is held at Limoges, France. Girls, matrons and old women from the country around bargain to obtain the best price for their tresses, which are shorn off in the market place. White hair always fetches the highest price, because the color can not be produced with dyes. It is often worth $25 per pound. Gray hair comes next in market value, then flaxen colored, golden auburn, light and dark-brown, in that order. The cheapest is black hair.

Mexico has in some respects the most luxurious railways in the world. The rails of the Mexican Gulf railway are laid on sleepers of mahogany, and the bridges are built of white marble. On the west coast of Mexico there is another line which has sleepers of ebony and ballast of silver ore drawn from the old mines beside the track. The reason for this apparent extravagance is that the engineers had no other material on the route, and found it cheaper to use these than to import the ordinary material from remote districts.

THE PRESIDENT ASSAILED.

Real Object of Democrats in Opposing the Promotion of Gen. Wood.

Reports concerning the lining up of forces for and against the confirmation of Gen. Leonard Wood as major general indicate the possibility of a fight over the matter. The indications are further that the fight will be led by democrats in the senate, aided by army officers and the friends of such who think they have been unfairly treated by the rapid promotion of Gen. Wood. There is reason to believe that the real object of the leaders of the fight in the senate will be to hurt President Roosevelt. Army officers who feel aggrieved by the rapid promotion of Gen. Wood would naturally like to defeat his confirmation as major general, and perhaps humiliate him if they could, but democratic senators will have no such personal animus, says the Indianapolis Journal. Their object will be to make political capital by trying to make it appear that the president has been governed by motives of personal favoritism, and has thereby established a demoralizing precedent.

The fight will not open till the senate meets, but in the meantime there are some phases of the case worth considering. In the first place, as far as the overslaughing of other officers is concerned or the establishing of a demoralizing precedent, it was done by the early promotions of Gen. Wood, all of which were made by President McKinley. It was President McKinley who commissioned Col. Wood to raise the regiment of cavalry known as the Rough Riders regiment, and it was President McKinley who made him a brigadier general of volunteers, a major general of volunteers and a brigadier general of the regular army. It was President McKinley who made Gen. Wood governor of Santiago, and, later, military governor of Cuba, in both of which positions he made a splendid record. All of his early promotions and assignments to special duty came from President McKinley. The only favors he has received at the hands of President Roosevelt are an assignment to duty in the Philippines and his promotion from the rank of brigadier general to that of major general in the regular army. There is nothing in this record to supply the basis of an attack on President Roosevelt. If the attack is made it will be chiefly on the memory of William McKinley.

But, no matter from what quarter the attack comes or against whom it is aimed, it will be weak in that it will ignore two essential facts—first, the unquestioned ability and prominent services of Gen. Wood, and, second, the fact that the question of promotion is one that rests exclusively with the president. No person denies Gen. Wood's ability or fitness to command, though his actual military experience has not been great, and no person denies that his services in Cuba were such as to entitle him to almost any reward in the gift of the government. The president has a free hand in the matter of promotions in the army. Tradition, precedent and custom, based on sound principles, have established certain rules regarding promotions, but as far as the law is concerned the matter rests wholly with the president. The responsibility is on him, and he is the sole and final judge as to the fitness of a promotion, and whether it will conduce to the honor, welfare and efficiency of the army or not. No person would contend that if an officer next in line of promotion were notoriously unfit the president would be bound to promote him, and it is equally true that he is justified in promoting an officer over the heads of others if, in his opinion, the unusual promotion is deserved. The power, the right and the responsibility are his. When the attack on Gen. Wood is made, or rather the attack on Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt, through him, it will be found to be without justification in law or reason.

CURRENT COMMENT.

☞Mr. Bryan, starting off for Europe, will be only one more proof of republican prosperity.—Des Moines Register and Leader.

☞The next democratic national convention will resemble a grab-bag as much as anything else.—Los Angeles Herald (dem.).

☞Byron said: "The weakly wicked shall be doubly damned." Respectfully referred to those who opposed Bryan in 1896 and supported him in 1900.—Brooklyn Eagle.

☞Mr. Bryan does not quail in the face of the fact that when he gets to Europe he will often be among people who would not understand a word if he were to make a speech.—Washington Star.

☞Mr. Bryan's paper has added a new humorous department and is now ready to have a gay time next year with the reorganizers and the recrudescence of Grover.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞We see they are now trying to make a democratic presidential possibility out of ex-Controller Eckels. As one democrat is as good as another, if not better, Eckels will do as well as any one, and he is big enough for what is wanted.—Philadelphia Press.

☞Mr. Bryan has been to Chicago and fired off that anti-Cleveland speech. Of course the anti-Bryan democrats sneer at and belittle the occurrence. But down in their hearts they realize that what Mr. Bryan says "goes" with a large proportion of their party, and it is that which makes them sad-eyed and sober when they contemplate next year's outlook.—Troy Times.

ALARM OF BRYAN.

Prospect of Genuine Democratic Restoration Appalls the Silver Man.

The man who has made a good living for ten years past as an attorney for the silver mine owners of the west, the bonanza men of other days, addressed a gathering of city hall pay rollers in this city on a recent Saturday, says the Chicago Chronicle (dem.).

Naturally enough, he undertook to libel Grover Cleveland and the democratic party, for whatever distinction has come to him has been at the expense of democracy, and, with every prospect of democratic restoration, he necessarily takes alarm.

So long as men of Mr. Cleveland's character and standing can be kept out of democratic councils there is a prospect of continued and lucrative employment for the Bryans. Hence the contemptible slanders of the discredited demagogue who has fallen so low in the last few years that, outside the disreputables of the Chicago city hall, there are few to do him honor.

The man who lives by his advocacy of the cause of the silver producers is well understood in these parts. His hostility to Mr. Cleveland is commercial as well as personal and political. He is nearing the end of his employment.

When this archdemagogue in the service of mine owners as greedy as the coal barons of Pennsylvania makes bold in the presence of the city hall lazzaroni of Chicago to stigmatize the administration of Grover Cleveland as "corporation-controlled" decent men know well enough what it means.

He means that the administration was corporation-controlled because it enforced the laws against the mobs to which the silver mine attorney has been appealing ever since, because it preserved the credit of government and people which the silver mine attorney has been assailing ever since, and because in the presence of political idiocy, fanaticism and betrayal unexampled in the history of the republic it adhered resolutely to the democratic doctrine and tradition.

Grover Cleveland is not the greatest man that ever lived, but certain characteristics of his shine with dazzling effulgence when brought into contrast with the traits which the people have been familiarized in the person of the Lincoln (Neb.) demagogue.

He is honest. He is a democrat. He has served the people faithfully. He is neither a trickster, a trimmer nor a mountebank. He has been elected president of the United States twice. He has not grown rich in the service of the silver mine owners. He never appealed to a mob except with bayonets and cannon. He enjoys no popularity in the reeking precincts of the Chicago city hall.

When the well-paid favorite of the big bonanzas gains a reputation and a record like this his libels will carry farther than they do now.

RASCALS BEING TURNED OUT.

Partisan Capital of Democrats Will Be Speedily Taken from Them.

The democrats who are urging their party to have a "turn-the-rascals-out" war cry for 1904, in connection with the post office scandal, are behind the times. The rascals are being turned out now. Democratic and republican rascals are being flung out of the post office department just as soon as they are revealed, and the republican administration is doing the "firing." This will be kept up until not a rascal, democrat or republican, is left in. The chances are that the whole of them will have gone before congress meets next winter, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

All this talk about the partisan capital which the democrats can make out of the postal irregularities shows that the talkers forget which party is in power.

A republican is at the head of the government. This republican president is supported by a republican cabinet. He has behind him a congress republican in both branches. If any party makes capital out of the postal frauds it must be the republican party. The republicans are exposing the frauds, though democrats as well as republicans were among the officeholders who committed them. The republicans are punishing the offenders, without any distinction of politics.

It is the republican party, therefore, which will be benefited. Let there be no mistake on this point. The republicans have more of a stake in these exposures than have the democrats. The republican is the party in power, and it will take care to cleanse the public offices very vigorously and completely. No rascal, democrat or republican, will escape. If there is to be any mention of this scandal in a national platform in 1904 it is the republican party which will do the mentioning. The republicans are running the government, and they are punishing all sorts of transgressions among office holders just as soon as these are revealed. The republican is the only party that can be relied on to do this sort of work or any other kind of reform which calls for intelligence and courage. Not "turn the rascals out," but "keep the rascals out" should be the campaign cry of 1904.

☞Not much talk is heard among democrats now about the party capital which they were to make out of the post office scandal. As the republicans are doing the exposing and the punishing, while democrats as well as republicans are involved in the steals, the democrats are beginning to discover, what they ought to have known all along, that if any party makes anything out of the affair it will be the republican party.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

CURRENT TOPICS.

An airbrake for automobiles has been perfected.

The population of the dependencies of France is 56,000,000.

All the seven islands of Hawaii are connected by wireless telegraphy.

Mt. Vesuvius in active and throws out quantities of incandescent stones.

Some first editions of Dickens' works were sold for £35 in London recently.

Music treatment for insanity is being officially tested by New York city.

A well-equipped sanitarium will soon be traveling through Egypt in a tent.

A room in which soiled-clothes or shoes become moldy is too damp for health.

There are in use in the United States 1,640,220 railway cars and 41,228 locomotives.

At Canterbury cathedral there are always about forty workmen engaged in the structure.

Birmingham's sewage works are the largest in the world, after those of Paris and Berlin.

Locked-out knitting girls of Dover, N. J., have organized a co-operative knitting mill company.

Ashantee is one continuous forest, with small clearings, where native villages have been built.

The most powerful automobile ever built is the Gobron-Brille racing car, having 120 horse-power.

Brock's statute of Gladstone has been placed in Westminster abbey, near that of Beaconsfield.

The first life insurance company was started in London in 1698 and another in 1709. Neither was successful.

Permanent salvage corps to render aid in case of accident are about to be organized by the Swiss Alpine clubs.

In the ten city churches administered by the Glasgow corporation, 4,943 sittings out of 9,890 are unlet.

M. Paul B. du Chaillu, whose discovery of the gorilla made him famous, has only left £100, as shown by his will.

Balloonists who ascended about 10,000 feet in Europe the other day found a temperature of 27 degrees below zero.

Artemiev, a Russian electrician, has invented a pliable coat of mail which effetcively protects against current of 150,000 volts.

Galileo's first telescope was made from part of a lead water pipe, in each end of which he cemented common spectacle glasses.

In America alone 30,000 automobiles will be placed on the market during the present year, which will only supply half the demand.

From Liverpool to Yokohama by the transcanada route will be about 9,830 miles. By New York and San Francisco it is 12,008 miles.

John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, is believed to carry more insurance than any other man, his policies amounting to more than $2,500,000.

Six torpedo boats have been ordered to Brest to chase porpoises away from the coast, where they have done much damage among the sardines.

The Korean government has ordered that all Koreans, without regard to rank or class, should not wear clothes except of a blue or dark color.

There are probably 1,000 women in the United States to-day who make their living as insurance solicitors. The idea is becoming very popular.

In 1870 the German people barely exceeded 40,000,000; in 1885 they had risen to nearly 47,000,000, and in 1900 the census returns gave 56,345,014.

German students at Geneva have collected £11 for the guides who rescued seven of their compatriots from a dangerous situation on Mont Blanc.

The South Chicago plant of the Illinois Steel Company one day last week turned out 1,894 tons of steel rails, breaking the world's record, which had been 1,772 tons for a day's work.

George Lincoln Burr, head of the department of mediaeval history at Cornell university, is touring New England towns on a bicycle for the purpose of studying early American history.

Tobacco has been smuggled into France from Belgium on a motor car covered with sailcloth to hide its appearance and number. A rope stretched across the road frustrated a second attempt.

In the body of a horse that died suddenly at Newport (Yorks) the veterinary surgeon who made a post-mortem examination discovered three large stones, one of them nearly as large as a cricket bat.

Municipal corporations in England have incurred debts aggregating $1,250,000,000 on socialistic lines. They own gas works, street railways, docks, markets, dwellings, race courses, dairies and hotels.

Irish women can boast of having twins more frequently than any other women in the world. Twins are born in Dublin about once in every 52 births, as against a general world average of one in eighty.

A large number of Japanese are finding their way into the rice-growing regions of Louisiana and Texas. The Japanese rice farmers understand the business better than Americans, and they make the business pay better.

Statistics show that in fifty years the average height of British men has risen an inch. The present average height for a man of thirty is 5 feet 8½ inches.

The deepest depression in the earth, ascertained by sounding, is five and a fourth miles; the greatest height, the peak of Mt. Everest, five and three-fourths miles.

R. T. Daniel, who owns many blocks in Spokane, Wash., most of the town of Trail in British Columbia and 10,000 acres of land in Cuba, left Glasgow, Ky., 25 years ago and arrived in Spokane with just $1 in his pocket.

"Red Tape" by the Yard.

One of the soldiers who had been reported killed in a certain battle in South Africa and against whose name in the regimental books a note to that effect had ben made, afterward turned up and reported himself. Then the sergeant made another note in the book: "Died by mistake." The man was placed in the hospital, and a few weeks after succumbed to the injuries he had received. This fact was communicated to the sergeant through the colonel of the regiment, and then a third note was made: "Re-died by order of the colonel."—London "V. C."

What Was It?

Frairpoint, Miss., Aug. 3rd.—One of the strangest cases ever reported occurred here recently. The son of Mr. G. L. Butler was very ill. The doctor said he had some disease of the spinal cord, and treated him for two months, but he grew worse all the time, and finally the doctor told Mr. Butler that he did not know what was the trouble.

The boy would wake up in the night and say that he was dying. He would be nervous and trembling and want to run out of the house, saying he saw ugly things which frightened him.

His father was very much discouraged till one day he saw a new remedy called Dodd's Kidney Pills advertised, and he at once bought some and began to give them to his boy.

He used altogether eight boxes before he was entirely cured. He has not been troubled since. Mr. Butler says:

"I feel it my duty to tell what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for my boy. All this remedy needs is a fair chance and it will speak for itself."

On the High Seas.

At the bow of the steamer sit the two happy young people.

"How sweet it seems to-night!" sighs the girl. "How sweetly solemn is the view spread before us! Even the sea seems to be sleeping placidly ahead of the boat."

"Yes, love," agrees the young man. "It is asleep in front of the boat, but it is a wake behind."—Judge.

Don't Get Footsore! Get Foot-Ease. A wonderful powder that cures tired, hot, aching feet and makes new or tight shoes easy. Ask to-day for Allen's Foot-Ease. Accept no substitute. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

"Jenkins must be a pretty straight fellow. Dobbins tells me he never drinks a drop." "So? You probably misunderstood Dobbins. What he said must have been that Jenkins never drops a drink."—Baltimore News.

The Overland Limited, solid train Chicago to the Coast daily. Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line.

Seneca—If you would fear nothing think that all things are to be feared.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Beauty is only skin deep—and some folks are thick skinned.—Chicago Tribune.

The Chicago & North-Western is the only double track railway between Chicago and the Missouri River.

The indolent know nothing of rest.—Ram's Horn.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

We are only good when we are good for something.—Ram's Horn.

Another club woman, Mrs. Haule, of Edgerton, Wis., tells how she was cured of irregularities and uterine trouble, terrible pains and backache by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"A while ago my health began to fail because of female troubles. The doctor did not help me. I remembered that my mother had used **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** on many occasions for irregularities and uterine troubles, and I felt sure that it could not harm me at any rate to give it a trial.

"I was certainly glad to find that within a week I felt much better, the terrible pains in my back and side were beginning to cease, and at the time of menstruation I did not have nearly as serious a time as heretofore, so I continued its use for two months, and at the end of that time I was like a new woman. I really have never felt better in my life, have not had a sick headache since, and weigh 20 pounds more than I ever did, so I unhesitatingly recommend Vegetable Compound."—MRS. MAY HAULE, Edgerton, Wis., President Household Economics Club. — *$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Women should remember there is one tried and true remedy for all female ills, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Refuse to buy any other medicine, you need the best.

FITS

If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, Falling Sickness, St. Vitus's Dance, or Vertigo, have children, relatives, friends or neighbors that do so, or know people that are afflicted, my New Treatment will immediately relieve and PERMANENTLY CURE them, and all you are asked to do is to send for my FREE TREATMENT and try it. It has CURED thousands where everything else failed. Will be sent in plain package absolutely free, express prepaid. My Illustrated Book, "Epilepsy Explained," FREE by mail. Please give name, AGE and full address. All correspondence professionally confidential.

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will leave Chicago 10.30 p. m., August 11, with Pullman drawing-room and tourist sleeping cars through to San Francisco without change, through the most beautiful mountain scenery in the Rockies. Stop-overs en route.
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GUISEPPE SARTO.

Conclave Elected Him Pope on Seventh Ballot.

The New Pontiff is 68 Years of Age and Is Very Popular in Venice Where He was Bishop — He Assumes the Title of Pius X.

Rome, Aug. 5.—The conclave after being in session for four days yesterday elected Guiseppe Sarto, patriarch of Venice, as pope to succeed Leo XIII and he now reigns at the Vatican and over the Catholic world as Pius X.

His election and the assumption of his holy office were marked by a striking demonstration and impressive ceremonies at the Vatican.

Cardinal Giuseppe Sarto was born at Riese, province of Venice, June 2, 1835. He was very learned in the ecclesiastical doctrines, is modest, energetic, a good administrator and organizer, a patron of the arts and his seriousness always has been proverbial.

Cardinal Sarto belonged to the ecclesiastical congregations of bishops and regulars, sacred rites, indulgences and sacred relics. He enjoyed great popularity in his diocese. He is honored by all for his purity, for the strict uprightness of his life and for liberal ideas. He is a modest and agreeable man, highly cultivated, very kind hearted and still strong and robust in spite of his 68 years. He has never taken great part in the political and public life of the church, but divided his time in study and good works.

Although most faithful to the Holy See he was presented to the king and queen of Italy in Venice. He was considered among the more liberal members of the Italian episcopate and sacred college. It is said that Leo XIII sided with him on one occasion when Sarto disapproved of Rampolla's policy.

Pius X was only 23 when he was consecrated a priest at Castel France, acting afterwards for nine years as coadjutor to the parish priest of Tombolo, province of Padua, a small village of 2,950 people, who were the first to appreciate his virtues. His kindness was untiring. He sought to fill their wants and never a murmur was heard when he was called in the middle of a winter night to a deathbed which proved to be nothing of the kind. He gave freely of his very small means until he often went without meals himself, but he kept many a poor family from starvation.

In 1875 he was elected chancellor of the bishopric of Treviso, then spiritual director of that seminary, judge of the eclesiastical tribunal and finally vicar general.

Pope Leo, who had highly appreciated his cleverness, piety and modesty, appointed him in November, 1884, at the age of 49 years, bishop of Mantua, where he remained nine years, until 1893, when he was made a cardinal and appointed patriarch of Venice. He there distinguished himself as a thorough reformer, suppressing all abuses, restoring the dignity of the clergy and the earnestness of religion. To him is due the revival of a Gregorian chant in the beautiful churches overlooking the lagoons, and to him is due the strict return to liturgic rules.

Sarto became the idol of the Venetians. When his gondola went through the canals the people rushed on the bridges and along the sides of the canals, kneeling and saluting, the women exclaiming "God bless the patriarch."

The election of the patriarch of Venice was unanimous. After Monday's ballots it was a foregone conclusion that he was the only candidate sufficiently acceptable to all to secure the necessary two-thirds, which the laws of the church require. One of the cardinals said last night that he believed Pius X would follow the broad lines of Leo's policy, although not likely to accentuate it. This voices the general feeling here, which is one of satisfaction.

All the members of the sacred college declare that they are very well satisfied with the election of Cardinal Sarto, but the anti-Rampolla party consider it as their special victory.

The new pope is one of eight children, two sons and six daughters. One of his sisters is a dressmaker, another is married to a sacristan and peddler, a third married a wine shopkeeper and the others are unmarried. The new pope is the seventh who has come from the region of Venice, among whom was Benedict XII, who, by a strange coincidence, was elected pope exactly 599 years ago yesterday.

THE NEW POPE PIUS X.

Cardinal Giuseppe Sarto, Chosen Successor to the Late Pope Leo XIII.

SCHWAB RESIGNS.

Wm. E. Corey Unanimously Elected President of the United States Steel Corporation.

New York, Aug. 5.—The resignation of Charles M. Schwab as president of the United States Steel Corporation was tendered and accepted at a meeting of the directors yesterday. William E. Corey was unanimously elected his successor.

Mr. Schwab's resignation caused no surprise in financial circles, where it had for some time been foreshadowed. The new president was for years one of Andrew Carnegie's ablest lieutenants and is now president of the Carnegie Steel Co., one of the subsidiary concerns of the United States Steel Corporation. It is scarcely more than a month ago that Mr. Corey was made assistant to the president (Mr. Schwab) because of the latter's continued ill health.

Mr. Schwab attended Tuesday's meeting of the directors, coming to town, it was said, for that especial purpose. He appeared to be in good health and spirits and seemed rather glad to be relieved of the duties imposed on the chief executive of the "billion dollar corporation." Before and after the meeting Mr. Schwab conferred with J. P. Morgan.

Immediately after the election of his successor Mr. Schwab met the press representatives, to whom he made this informal statement:

"I want to say that I think I have been treated very unfairly by the newspapers in regard to the reasons for my retirement. A number of reasons, including this American shipbuilding matter, have been given for it, but none of them is true. As a matter of fact the shipbuilding question has never been a subject of discussion between myself and the directors.

"On my return from Europe six months ago I tried to get Mr. Morgan and the directors to accept my resignation, but was unable to do so. That does not look as if I had been forced out. Later I appealed to Mr. Frick and through him have finally succeeded in inducing the directors to accept my resignation. I am as deeply interested in the United States Steel Corporation as ever. I am still the largest stockholder and remain as director and member of the executive committee. My retirement is on account of ill health—nervousness. I have been in bad health for six months or more."

The new president has entered upon his duties and with his election the steel corporation has inaugurated a new policy. There will be less centralization of power and increased responsibility in the work of the various committees.

Held in $25,000 Bail.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 5.—Oliver T. Sherwood, the cashier of the Southport national bank, who is charged with embezzling funds of the bank to the amount of $100,000, was arraigned before Judge Platt in the United States district court last night. He entered a plea of not guilty and was bound over to the August term of the court under bonds of $25,000.

He Has the Right Idea.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Judge Gregory, in the county court yesterday, in rejecting 40 applications for naturalization papers created a precedent by saying: "I will not naturalize any person who comes before me and is unable to speak the English language sufficiently to make his wants known."

Whitecappers Commit Murder.

Lewisburg, Tenn., Aug. 5.—One negro was killed and another fatally wounded by a band of whitecappers Monday night. There were between 15 and 30 in the mob which made its appearance at the home of a negro preacher named John Millikin. Millikin made his exit through a back door. He was brought down by a volley, dying almost instantly. John Hunter, a son-in-law of Millikin, was made to accompany the mob on a fruitless search for another negro and in an attempt to escape was fatally shot in the back.

Confessed to Murder.

Lewiston, Idaho, Aug. 5.—William Hamilton, aged 24 years, has confessed to the murder and mutilation of Mabel Richards, an 11-year-old girl, whose body was found near Anatone Monday afternoon. The child was waylaid by Hamilton while en route to school. Hamilton is in jail at Asotin. In all probability he will be lynched, as hundreds of people are assembling in the town. The dead girl was a daughter of Sheriff Roberts, of Asotin county. Hamilton is a farmer who has resided in the county a number of years.

AN AWFUL WRECK.

Twenty-three People Killed at Durand, Mich.

Two Sections of Wallace Bros.' Circus Train Collide in the Grand Trunk Railway Yards—Disaster was Caused by Air Brake Refusing to Work.

Durand, Mich., Aug. 8.—An airbrake on the second section of Wallace Bros.' circus train refused to work in the Grand Trunk railway yards here early Friday, causing a collision between the two sections in which 23 people were killed and over a dozen injured.

The circus travels in two trains of about 35 cars each. After Thursday night's exhibition at Charlotte the two trains left for Lapeer over the Grand Trunk road, the second section leaving a half hour after the first. It was 3:45 o'clock when the first section pulled into the west end of the Grand Trunk yards here. A red light was hung on the rear car to stop the second section.

Engineer Probst, of Battle Creek, who was running the engine of the rear train, says he saw this light and applied the airbrake. To his horror it refused to work. He reversed his engine, but the momentum of the heavy train behind was too great and with a crash that aroused all of the town near the yards, the two trains met. Three cars of the stationary first section were telescoped and the engine and five cars of the moving train were demolished. The rear car of the first section, the caboose in which the trainmen were sleeping and the next two were filled with sleeping circus employes. The greatest loss of life was in the caboose.

One of the wrecked cars of the second section was occupied by five elephants and several camels. One of the elephants and two camels were killed outright, while the other animals and their trainer escaped. With the exception of this car none of the menagerie was wrecked, the other demolished cars containing canvas or wagons, and there was comparatively little excitement among the wild animals. As soon as they recovered from the first shock, the trainers rushed among the cages quieting the few beasts that were excited. The elephants in the wrecked car behaved with surprising calmness and were led out of the wreck without trouble.

The escaping steam and screams and cries of those pinned in the wreck made a horrifying spectacle in the gray of early morning, when the trainmen in the yards and the aroused townspeople first reached the scene. Many feared at first that some of the menagerie had escaped.

In discussing the question of responsibility for the horror, the railroad officials unhesitatingly lay it to Engineer Probst of the second section of the train. Probst says that the airbrake of his train refused to work, but the officials declare that he could have stopped the train in time to have avoided serious consequences.

The official report on the accident, issued by Superintendent Brownlee, declares positively that the airbrakes have been tested since the accident and found to be in perfect condition and there is evidence that they were not applied.

One of the officials in discussing the accident and its causes said he believed that Engineer Probst had exhausted his air in checking his train several times between Lansing and Durand and failed to again charge his tank. The head brakeman and fireman, who were on the engine, bear out Probst's statement that the brakes refused to work.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 8.—Twenty-two of the injured circus men were brought to Detroit Friday afternoon in a special hospital train and taken to Harper hospital. At the hospital last night it was stated that none of them was likely to die, although John Thomson, of Peru, Ind.; George Clough, of Geneva, O., and James Stewart, of Denver, Col., are in a serious condition and may not recover.

The Pullman car that brought the injured from the scene of the wreck was a pitiful sight when it pulled into Detroit. The interior looked like a battlefield after a fierce encounter. Suffering men lay in every imaginable posture in the berths, swathed in crimsoned bandages that bore silent witness to their wounds. Moans and stifled cries told the story of their agonies. It was impossible to carry the stretchers through the narrow, crooked doors of the car and the suffering men were put through the windows as gently as possible and taken to the hospital. Those able to talk told graphic tales of their sufferings and agonies, mental as well as physical, while pinned down in the wreck.

A Humane Order.

Washington, Aug. 8.—The secretary of war has issued a general order designed to prevent cruelty to horses in the military service. It is as follows: "Any alteration in the length or shape of the tails, manes or forelocks of public horses by docking, banging or clipping is hereby prohibited and only such reasonable trimming and plucking as may be necessary to prevent shagginess of appearance will be permitted."

Rear Admiral Remey to Retire.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Rear Admiral George C. Remey, the ranking officer of his grade, will be retired Monday. He was appointed to the navy from Iowa in 1855 and reached the grade of rear admiral in 1898. Since May, 1902, he has been chairman of the lighthouse board. He will be succeeded in that office by Rear Admiral John J. Read. As a result of Admiral Remey's retirement, Capt. Charles B. Sigsbee, commandant of the navy yard at League island, and Capt. Colby Chester, superintendent of the naval observatory, will become rear admirals.

RECORDS BROKEN.

Remarkable Run of a Special Train from New York to Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 8.—The special train bearing Henry P. Lowe, chief engineer of the United States Steel Corporation, drew in at La Grande station at 1:07 Friday afternoon, having completed a run from the Atlantic to the Pacific, a distance of more than 3,000 miles, in the fastest time on record.

Mr. Lowe left New York Tuesday, August 4, at 2:45 p. m., and arrived in this city 70 hours and 40 minutes later, or an hour and 20 minutes less than three days. The run from Chicago was made over the lines of the Santa Fe railroad, a distance of 2,256 miles. The time from Chicago to Los Angeles was 53 hours, an average speed of 42 miles an hour, including all stops.

The record breaking run just finished by Mr. Lowe was undertaken with the object of being at the bedside of his 11-year-old daughter, who was dying in this city. The child died Thursday morning, but Mr. Lowe was not advised of her death until well on his way. As all arrangements had been made for the special train and the schedules prepared by the railroad, the trip was continued as originally planned.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—An official statement of the remarkable run of the Lowe special over the Santa Fe was given out last evening by George T. Nicholson, passenger traffic manager of the Santa Fe system. The statement says:

"All previous trans-continental records have been broken by the H. P. Lowe special, which left New York at 2:45 p. m. August 4 and arrived at Los Angeles at 1:06 p. m. today. By transporting the special from Chicago to Los Angeles in 52 hours and 49 minutes the Santa Fe has beaten all previous records by 5 hours and 7 minutes. The previous record between Chicago and Los Angeles was made by the famous Peacock special in 1900, the distance being covered in 57 hours and 56 minutes."

WAS FALSE TO HIS TRUST.

Treasurer of a Preachers' Aid Society Confesses Stealing $80,000.

Boston Aug. 8.—In a letter written last Tuesday from Montreal to the pastor of his church in East Boston, Willard S. Allen, treasurer of the Preachers' Aid society of the New England conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, confessed that he was a defaulter to the amount of more than $80,000 of the society's funds.

Mr. Allen has been treasurer of the society for 12 years and clerk of the East Boston district court for 29 years, and for 16 years was a prominent member of the school committee of Boston. He left home about a week ago without announcing his destination and the first heard from him was the letter to the East Boston clergyman. Mr. Allen said that he had lost the money in speculation.

Mr. Allen for more than 40 years has been prominent in the legal circles and political and social life of East Boston. He is 62 years of age.

Twenty-five years ago he joined the corporation known as the Preachers' Aid society and in 1891 was elected treasurer of the organization. His accounts have been audited each year and securities making up the permanent fund have been examined.

It was not until a year ago that a suitable bond as treasurer was advocated by some members of the society, and a vote passed last May required that the bond be given, but it was not done.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE.

Good Reports Come from Nearly All Branches of Business.

New York, Aug. 8.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Trade advices from nearly every section continue to show as favorable conditions as a year ago, and in many lines the volume of transactions has increased. Jobbers report fall business opening with excellent prospects and manufacturing plants are well occupied with the exception of cotton mills. Distribution of merchandise is so heavy that railway equipment already proves inadequate, although crops are not the factor that they will be in a few weeks. Earnings for July exceeded last year's by 12.7 per cent.

On the whole, news from the farms is less favorable, but no serious curtailment is assured, and many sections make very bright reports. A decline of 1.5 per cent. in the cost of commodities during July is evidence that prices are less inflated, since the change was mainly in meats and other food which have been ruling at an abnormal position.

Consumption of iron and steel is on a large scale, and in many departments the past week has witnessed the signing of numerous contracts, but there is a tendency to delay purchases beyond early needs.

There were 178 commercial failures this week in the United States against 196 the corresponding week last year, and in Canada 19, against 14 last year.

A Break in Strikers' Ranks.

Philadelphia, Aug. 8.—The first break in the ranks of the cloth weavers who are on strike along with the other textile workers occurred Friday when the employes of the Saxony dress goods mill voted to return to work on Monday.

Got a Shorter Workday.

Philadelphia, Aug. 8.—The local organization of the Molders and Coremakers' union, after striving for years for a shorter workday, was conceded that demand Friday by the local members of the National Founders' association. On June 3 the workmen made a demand for a nine-hour day instead of ten hours and an increase in pay from $2.90 to $3.00 a day. There were numerous conferences and a decision was reached yesterday. The men are given a nine-hour day beginning Monday and will receive the increase of ten cents a day in pay beginning June 1, 1904.

GRAND CIRCUIT RACES.

The Meeting at Kenilworth Track, Buffalo, Affords Fine Sport.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 4.—The Buffalo Driving club's grand circuit meeting opened Monday at the Kenilworth track. The attendance was excellent. Geers and Doble met in the 2:09 trot and in the third heat of the race they came to the wire in a finish that brought the grand stand to its feet. Geers put Dan T. over by the shortest of heads.

The fifth race was for 3-year-olds, their first appearance on the circuit this season. All races were best two in three. Summaries:

First—2:18 class, pace, purse $1,200. Tom Keene won, Trilby Direct 2, Ebony King 3.

Second—2:12 class trot, purse $2,000. Billy Buck won second and third heats and race. Francis B. won first heat and took second money. Allie Wood third.

Third—2:12 class pace, purse $1,000. Diablito won first and third heats and race. Halchifin won second heat and second money. Stratuline third.

Fourth—2:09 class trot, purse $1,200. Dan T. won third and fourth heats and race. Monte Carlo won first heat and second money. Lord Vincent won second heat and third money.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Tuesday's postponed card of the grand circuit was run off at the Kenilworth track yesterday. In the Iroquois hotel stake, 2:08 class pace, Joe Pointer, son of Star Pointer, showed his gameness. He was hard driven in each heat, coming down the stretch under a terrific lacing from his driver. He had good ones to beat. The 2:30 trot was won by Judge Green. The 2:18 trot was a victory for Millard Sanders. Jim Ferry won the 2:14 trot.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Two stakes were on the card for the grand circuit here Thursday. The Electric City stake of $5,000 for 2:25 class trotters was taken in straight heats by Jay McGregor. Budd Doble got second money with his brown stallion, Kinney Lou. Star Hal took the Empire State stake of $2,000 in the 2:14 pace in straight heats. The driving of Geers in the 2:04 pace was the feature of the day. In the second and third heats he made up much ground and won going away with Harold H. Nonamie won the 2:10 pacing race.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 8.—The attendance at the grand circuit meet at Kenilworth yesterday was very large. The feature of the card, the Frontier stake of $5,000 for 2:25 pacers, was easy for Elastic Pointer, who took the race in straight heats. In the 2:07 trot Budd Doble made a gallant effort to land the Roman in first money, but Monte Carlo had the speed. Tom Keene won the 2:20 pace and Dr. Strong the 2:11 trot.

SHOT HER HUSBAND.

A West Virginia Woman Wins Out in a Duel with Her Jealous Spouse.

Mattewan, W. Va., Aug. 4.—William Adair, a prosperous farmer and timber dealer, was shot and killed Sunday night by his wife in front of their home on Pigeon creek, in this county. Adair, who had been in Cincinnati disposing of some timber, returned here rather unexpectedly and found his wife away from home. He went in search of her and finding her in the home of a neighbor became jealous and, pulling a revolver from his pocket, fired three shots at her, all of which went wild. Mrs. Adair ran into her house, seized her husband's Winchester and returned to the yard just as he was entering the gate.

He attempted to escape by running toward the woods nearby, but a bullet from the Winchester in the hands of the infuriated woman laid him low. He died without uttering a word. The woman rode to Williamson, where she surrendered and is now in jail. Mrs. Adair comes from one of the wealthy families of Mingo county. She will enter a plea of self-defense, as she claims she saw her husband reloading his revolver and she realized that he meant to kill her.

A FIENDISH CRIME.

Farmers are Hunting for Two Negroes Who Committed It.

Hartford City, Ind., Aug. 4.—George Hearshey, an invalid, aged 19, while hunting squirrels on his father's farm near here at noon Monday, was approached by two prowling negroes. They grabbed the boy, searched his clothing for money, and finding none tore his clothing from him and mutilated him with a knife. The boy succeeded in reaching home. He told his story and his father gave the alarm, mounted a horse and called for volunteers to wreak vengeance on the fleeing negroes. Two hundred men and boys joined in the chase.

Neighboring farms and towns were warned by telephone and the country was scoured. No trace of the negroes was found.

A Porter Piloted the Train.

Florence, Col., Aug. 7.—As the result of a heavy rainstorm a wall of water several feet deep came rushing down Hardscrabble canyon yesterday, carrying away 50 feet of the bridge that spans the creek east of this city. Previous to this, W. A. Watkins, a porter on a Denver & Rio Grande passenger train, piloted the train safely into the yards in this city, walking ahead of it a distance of five miles through water from six inches to two feet deep.

Water Boy Wins a Big Stake.

Saratoga Springs, N. Y., Aug. 4.—The summer race meeting of the Saratoga association was auspiciously opened Monday. Three stake races were carded, the Flash, of $5,000, for 2-year-olds, at 5½ furlongs; the Ballston cup, a hunters' steeplechase of $2,000, over the full course, and the Saratoga handicap of $12,000, for 3-year-olds, at a mile and a quarter. Interest centered chiefly in the handicap, which was won by J. B. Haggin's Water Boy. In the steeplechase event Rock Storm won. The Flash stakes went to Tippecanoe, a 25 to 1 shot.

GEN. MILES IS OUT.

End of a Long and Brilliant Military Career.

Having Reached the Age Limit of 64 Years the Commander of the Army Retires from Active Service—His Farewell Address.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, commanding the army, retires from active service at noon today, having reached the age limit of 64 years.

The following order will be issued today by Adj. Gen. Corbin: "The retirement from active service by the president, August 8, 1903, of Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, United States army, by operation of law, under the provisions of the act of congress approved June 30, 1882, is announced. Lieut. Gen. Miles will proceed to his home. The travel enjoined is necessary for the public service."

Several other orders resulting from the retirement of Gen. Miles have been issued, one assigning Lieut. Gen. Young to the command of the army until August 15, when he will assume the duties of chief of staff; another assigning Maj. Gen. Corbin as president of the soldiers' home board, another Brig. Gen. Gillespie as president of the board on ordnance and fortification, and still another assigning Lieut. Gen. Young as a member of the Sherman statue commission.

Gen. Miles has issued the following address on the occasion of his retirement from active service:

"General orders No. 116.

"In accordance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 30, 1882, the undersigned will retire from active service August 8, 1903.

"In relinquishing the command of the army of the United States, to which he was assigned by the president October 2, 1895, he hereby acknowledges his appreciation of the fidelity manifested by the officers and soldiers during the past eventful years.

"To those who were his companions and associates during one of the greatest of all wars he takes pleasure in expressing his gratification that they have lived through the trials and dangers of long service to witness the results of their fortitude, heroism and unselfish devotion to the welfare of their country. They have also in a most commendable manner exemplified to the younger generation of soldiers those principles of discipline and patriotism which make the army the protector and defender, and never the menace of the nation and its liberties.

"The time and occasion are considered opportune for expressing to the army a few thoughts concerning its past and that which may affect its future welfare. It is from the best impressions and influences of the past that most desirable results may be realized in the future.

"Unswerving devotion to our government and the principles upon which it was established and has been maintained is essential to the efficiency of the national forces and especially is this so in a democratic government where the individual, in order to be a perfect soldier, must first be a true citizen. The boast that every soldier of a great nation carried a marshal's baton in his knapsack is in a higher sense more than equaled in significance by the fact that every American soldier personifies sovereign citizenship and may by his own conduct exemplify impartial justice to those who have never experienced it and the results of the highest liberty to those who have been strangers to it, thereby aiding to secure for his country a moral influence not otherwise attainable.

"All honorable activity and life for the army must exist within the well-defined lines of patriotism, untarnished honor, sterling integrity, impartial justice, obedience to rightful authority and incessant warfare against armed enemies. Always to maintain truth, honor and justice requires the highest moral courage and is equally as important as fortitude in battle. Drill, discipline and instruction are but preparatory for the perfection and efficiency of an army.

"The events of recent years have placed upon the army a new obligation and an opportunity for a broader exemplification of its country's principles. The United States army is now brought into daily communication with millions of people to whom its individual members of every grade are the exponents of American civilization. A serious duty and a great honor are now presented to every officer and soldier, namely, to exemplify to those with whom he comes in contact our country's principles of equal and exact justice, immunity from violence and equality before the law."

Gave $5,000 Bail.

New York, Aug. 8.—Maurice Runkle, who was jointly indicted by the District of Columbia grand jury with August W. Machen and Thomas W. McGregor in the postoffice investigation, surrendered himself before Commissioner Shields yesterday and gave $5,000 bail for his appearance when wanted. The indictment found by the April grand jury against Runkle charges him with conspiring "with August W. Machen and Thomas W. McGregor, intending to cheat and defraud the United States."

Oarsmen Raced.

St. Catherines, Ont., Aug. 8.—The first regatta of the new St. Catherines Henley course opened Friday with splendid weather. The course is straightaway, one mile and 550 yards in length. The senior fours was captured by the Argonauts, of Toronto, by five lengths. In the junior doubles, second heat, Fournier and Dier, of Brockville, crowded Dalbraith and Warley, of the Philadelphia Crescents. A collision ensued. The Crescents lodged a protest. In the pair-oared Detroit beat Toronto by less than a yard.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less, $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

REPUBLICAN STATE NOMINATIONS.

For Auditor General,
WILLIAM P. SNYDER,
Chester County.
For State Treasurer,
WILLIAM L. MATHEUS,
Delaware County.
For Judge of the Superior Court,
JOHN J. HENDERSON,
Crawford County.
THOMAS A. MORRISON,
McKean County.

Facts About the Road Law.

There appears to be some surprise that more interest is not taken in the improvement of the public roads under the recent legislation in this State, says Philadelphia Press. An insignificant number of applications have been made for State aid, and some of these are without proper local authority.

It is too early, however, to conclude anything from this. It is evident the law is not fully understood, and the reluctance in so many localities to the expenditure of any cash whatever in the work on roads is an obstacle. While the State will pay two-thirds of the cost of road building carried on under its supervision, one-sixth must be paid by the township, and one-sixth by the county. This makes necessary the expenditure of some cash by the local authorities, where heretofore in many instances the citizens have worked out their road taxes by a few days' labor on the highways, from which little or no permanent value has been obtained.

What townships and counties may be called upon to pay in a year will depend of course, upon the number of miles of road built and the cost per mile. Senator Roberts, of Montgomery one of the authors of the new road law, and who is quite familiar with the question, does not think the cost per mile should ever exceed $5,000, exclusive of grading. He estimates that it is possible to keep within this limit if crushed stone can be delivered upon the road to be improved at a cost not exceeding $1.25 cents a ton. He also advises that no township shall build more than one mile of road a year unless it is wealthy, but this is wholly a matter of discretion and finances.

The proportion that a township would have to pay on a mile of road costing $5000 would be $833, and a similar amount would be paid by the county. Some townships would not feel this at all and could readily pay their share of several miles of road. There are many others that will never be willing to pay even this small proportion for the work, and as they must take the initiative if there is to be road improvement for them they are not likely to get much advantage from the recent legislation The benefits will come to the enterprising and progressive townships whose people are willing to expend a few hundred dollars each year for permanent benefit.

It is likely to be several years before the real advantages of the new law are well developed. The work can only be done gradually, but when well started it will have most gratifying results, and it will be a poor township indeed that does not make use of the generous provision for State aid in an improvement of so much importance.

Don't Speculate.

The market for stocks is low—very low. There is presented a temptation for men with small incomes and savings to speculate.

Don't do it.

We are talking to those of small means who cannot afford to lose. Those who can are able to look after themselves. But there is this to be said: There are various standard stocks of railroads and corporations that have been paying dividends steadily. Such stocks can be depended upon.

Therefore the market presents a kind of bargain table, and one with a little money can pick up a few shares at low rates, and profit in the end.

But don't make the mistake of speculating—buying on the margin. Pay your own shares outright and lay them away in a tin trunk and draw your dividends. The man with a few hundred dollars can do that to advantage. When he owns his stock he need not bother about fluctuations brought about by influences wholly unconnected with the condition of the country.

The country is all right. It is prosperous. Standard stocks are safe as a purchase for investment, and it is not probable that the time will soon come again when they can be bought to such advantage.

Meanwhile, let no one who has invested his savings in stocks that have proved to be good dividend payers become alarmed because prices have been hammered down and sell what he has under the fear that the country is going to smash.

The country, is not going to smash.—Philadelphia Inquire.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, August, 10 1903.

Editor Press:—

Reports received recently from Bogota, to the effect that the Panama canal treaty will not be ratified without amendment, are causing the President and the friends of the Panama canal no little anxiety. President Roosevelt, as do most persons sincerly in favor of a canal and familiar with all the conditions, regards the Panama route as by odds the most desirable for an interoceanic canal and up to this time it has been believed that President Marroquin would find a way to effect the ratification of the treaty. It now appears that the representatives of the transcontinental railway companies have been doing yoeman's work in Bogota and have succeeded in pursuading the Colombians that the treaty, as framed and ratified by the United States, will prove inimical to their interests. Of course the slightest amendment will necessitate the reconsideration by the United States Senate, which reconsideration will be attended with as great difficulty as was the ratification. Senator Morgan, of Alabama, declares that he has his guns primed for another battle and that he can talk ever longer in opposition to the original ratification. As will be remembered, only a special session with nothing to pervent its lasting all summer served to discourage the veteran Albamian last spring and he will be quick to appreciate that with a presidential campaign in prospect Congress would be unwilling to prolong the approaching session for the sake of a dozen canals. The Senator from Alabama also claims to have secured even greater support than he had last spring and in view of this dubious prospect the President and the officials of the State Department are much discouraged.

One of the most important results of the postoffice investigation will be the concerted attempt which will be made by officials of the administration to secure Congressional authority to completely reorganize the auditing service of the government. At present it is the custom to appoint an auditor for each department and in most instances such auditor is furnished offices in the department to which he is assigned. He is in no sense a subordinate of the Secretary of such department, however, and at the same time is removed from the direct supervision of the secretary of the Treasury. The new plan contemplates the erection of a building for the auditors, immediately opposite the Treasury Department, with which it will be connected by a tunnel. There all auditors will be given office room and the condition will be to audit the accounts from a purely professional standpoint, unbaised by the environment of the department incurring the expenses. At present the auditor in each department has assumed powers out of all proportion to the original intention of the makers of the existing law and to that fact is ascribed some of the scandalous corruption in the postal investigation. This new move has the approval of all the secretaries of the treasury and of the President.

The Philadelphia Ledger says: John Wanamaker declared that the story that Senator Quay would like to have him go to Congress representing the Fourth Congressional District was almost too absurd to discuss." Furthermore, Mr. Wanamaker said he would not accept any public office.

The Typographical Union has captured Washington there is an unusual demand for all kinds of "sticks."

‡ ‡

The republican leaders are not sorely worried over Senator Morgan's announcement that the Alabama democrats will not support Mr. Roosevelt for President.

‡ ‡

The news from the capital of the nation is very scarce at present, but it is only the lull before a storm. The coming session of Congress promises to be the most interesting held for many years.

‡ ‡

The fleet which attacked Bar Harbor, Maine, has been captured by the United States forces, and it is suspected the Bar Harbor mermaids had something to do with the captivating.

‡ ‡

The President has written to Governor Durbin of Indiana a letter denouncing lynching. President Roosevelt never hesitates to express himself in favor of right, regardless of the opinions of politicians or factions.

‡ ‡

The President is deeplyint erested in financial legislation but the gentlemen now in session in Providence, drafting a Senate financial bill, should remember that Mr. Roosevelt is not wedded to the idea of a bill pleasing only to the Wall Street interests.

‡ ‡

Mr. Gorman is back from Europe and has given several interviews to newspapermen. In substance Mr. Gorman says that it is too early to talk of a democratic presidential nominee although "Barkis is willin," and that it is impossible to outline the issues so far in advance although he believes the Gorman homeopathic reform would win.

‡ ‡

Some papers are criticizing General Young for putting on the three stars while Miles still had a right to wear them. But then Miles put them on while Hennesy still had a right to wear them, and old Gen. Scott's memoirs confess that he locked himself in his room and posed before the mirror for three hours when he got his brigadier general's new uniform.

Suicide Prevented.

The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide had been discovered will interest many. A run down system, or despondency invariably precede suicide and something has been found that will prevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self destruction take Electric Bitters. It being a great tonic and nervine will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It is also a great Stomach, Liver and Kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by L. Taggart Druggist.

The One Package Dye.

In red printed wrappers, colors cotton, wool or silk in same bath. Sample 10c, any color. New Peerless, Elmira, N. Y. 50-26t.

Violent Attack of Diarrhoea Cured by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and Perhaps a Life Saved.

"A short time ago I was taken with a violent attack of diarrhoea and believe I would have died if I had not gotten relief," says John J. Patton a leading citizen of Patton, Ala. "A friend recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I bought a twenty-five cent bottle and after taking three doses of it was entirely cured. I consider it the best remedy in the world for bowel complaints. For sale by L. Taggart.

Success only knocks once at the door, but adversity will pound all day.

Cholera Infantum.

This disease has lost its terrors since Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy came into general use. The uniform success which attends the use of this remedy, in all cases of bowel complaints in children has made it a favorite wherever its value has become known. For sale by Jno. E. Smith, Sterling Run.

The average man becomes an economist when he shops for his wife.

End of Bitter Fight.

"Two physicians had a long and stubborn fight with an abcess on my right lung" writes J. F. Hughes of DuPont, Ga., "and gave me up. Everybody thought my time had come. As a last resort I tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. The benefit I received was striking and I was on my feet in a few days. Now I've entirely regained my health. "It conquers all Coughs, Colds and Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed at L. Taggart's drug store. Price 50c, and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

The average servant girl never feels out of place until she is in one.

The Death Penalty.

A little thing sometimes results in death. Thus a mere scratch, insignificant cuts or puny boils have paid the death penalty. It is wise to have Bucklen's Arnica Salve ever handy. It's the best Salve on earth and will prevent fatality, when Burns, Sores, Ulcers and Piles threaten. Only 25c, at L. Taggart's Drug Store.

Many a silk lined purse might better be copper lined

Puts an End to it All.

A grievous wail oftimes comes as a result of unbearable pain from over taxed organs. Dizziness, Backache, Liver complaint and Constipation. But thanks to Dr. King's New Life Pills they put an end to it all. They are gentle but thorough. Try them. Only 25c. Guaranteed at L. Taggart's Drug Store.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
BUFFALO, N. Y.
396-408 Main Street,

ANNUAL

Blanket Sale

The Bargain Event of the Year.

A Saving of one-third and more by buying now.

A dozen famous mills are behind this sale.

Extra Specials

SPECIAL I.

Best $5.00 Blankets from all the leading mills of California, Minneapolis, New England, Ohio, Missouri and other renounced localities which make a specialty of $5.00 Blankets. The best we ever put on sale at $5.00

SPECIAL II.

Colored Blankets, grey scarlet natura and plaids, with cotton warps and all wool warps as well as filling. The best values to be had—worth $7. per pair. $5.00

SPECIAL III

Wool filled Comfoeters—the wool thoroughly cleansed, absolutely pure and free from germs. Have the advantage of warmth without weight. Coverings the daintiest ever printed. A $7.50 Comfoter special at $4.50

SPECIAL IV.

Cotton Blankets, all sizes and qualities, greys, tans, whites, fancy stripes and white without borders 30,000 pairs at from $1.50 down to 50c

The Restaurant

Our patrons will find our Cafe on the 4th floor an excellent place to rest and enjoy a full meal or a light lunch at a moderate price.

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
The American Block,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Coming of the Real Show

16th YEAR. MORE GIGANTIC AND MERITORIOUS THAN HERETOFORE

A BIG GLORIOUS DAY.

EMPORIUM, MONDAY, Aug. 17.

AFTERNOON AT 2 O'CLOCK. NIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK.

• FAMOUS FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN AS THE BEST. •
WELSH BROS.' NEWEST GREATEST SHOWS

UTTERLY DWARFING EVERY PREVIOUS EFFORT. COMING ON ITS OWN SPECIAL TRAINS IN ALL ITS GRANDEUR.

Double Circus, Trained Animal Confederation, Nights Family Wonderland, Equestrian Festival and Congress of the Orient.

Its Multitude of New Features. Each one is a Show Alone.

Special Star Introduction at each Performance.

63 HORSE ACT. THE SENSATION OF THE CENTURY.

Big Spectacular Free Street Parade at 10 a. m.

Special Cheap Excursion Rates on all Lines of Travel.

Summer Suits

The good old summer time for an outing. At this time of the year young America all like to be well dressed, allow us to make a suggestion. Instead of going to a tailor, suppose you try one of our KIRSCHBAUM ready tailored suits at half the tailor's price. You'll find it will wear longer, fit better, keep its shape and be better in style and taste than anything the average tailor can make to your measure. If you would like to know more about the finest line of

Clothing

in this county we invite you to come and see us. We will be pleased to meet you. Now, young man, if you want a good suit of clothes don't miss this opportunity.

We also have a full line of gents furnishing goods.

We carry a full line of shoes and our stock comprises all the latest styles and we are able to suit the most particular. Come and see our stock and get prices.

Jasper Harris,

The People's Clothier.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 5, 1903.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 25
Felt's Fancy, "	1 40
Pet Grove, "	1 40
Graham, "	65
Rye "	65
Buckwheat, "	
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 35
Chop Feed, "	1 35
Middlings, Fancy "	1 40
Bran,	1 20
Corn, per bushel,	75
White Oats, per bushel,	50
Choice Clover Seed, / Choice Timothy Seed, / Choice Millet Seed, / Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.
Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Coutributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Trox Fulton, of Sinnamahoning, was in town Monday.

O. B. Barnes and family are visiting relatives and friends at Williamsport.

W. S. Walker, of Austin, was shaking hands with friends in town this morning.

Miss Mazie Reed, of Beechwood, was the guest of Miss Christie McDonald last week.

Mr. John Gallagher, wife, and two daughters are guests of Thos. Gallagher and family.

John J. Hinkle and wife visited the former's brother and family at Wilcox over Sunday.

Mrs. S. C. Parks, of Whittemore Hill, visited her son and family at Johnsonburg over Sunday.

Mr. H. B. Lightner, one of Sinnamahoning's progressive merchants, made our town a short visit last week.

Mr. Stahle, the consorialist, is visiting his family in Buffalo and enjoying a well earned vacation of ten days.

Miss Goldie Lyons left last Saturday for York, Pa., where she will spend some days as the guest of Rev. E. E. A. Deavor and family.

Mrs. W. L. Thomas and sister Mrs. Kate M. Byre, of Whittemore Hill, have been visiting the former's son and wife at Johnsonburg.

Mrs. Griswold is in town looking after property interests, but will soon return to Olean, where she now makes her home with relatives.

Mrs. Fred Sage, of Chicago, and Miss Josephine Sage, of Red Rock, are visiting the former's son, J. M. Reed, of Clarion Heights.—Johnsonburg Press.

G. S. Hill and daughters, Misses Gertrude and Audrey, of Gibson, visited in Emporium last Saturday and incidentally did some shopping.

Chas. Rishell returned home Monday morning on Flyer, from Clintondale, Clinton county, Pa., where he was called to attend the funeral of his mother last week.

Mrs. Jas. Hobson, of West Creek, one of our prompt paying subscribers was a PRESS visitor on Saturday and carried away a receipt for another year's subscription.

Eugene Taylor came home from Huntley on Friday with his left hand in a sling, his hand being injured while working in Willson Bro's mill. He will be laid up for a few days only.

Mrs. Fred Julian and her sister Miss Gussie Voshage left town last Monday noon, the former going to Atlantic City and the latter to Ashland, Pa. Mrs. Julian will also visit Ashland before her return.

Mr. John Weissman came over from Olean Monday noon, bringing with him his two children, who are now guests of Patrick Burke and family. Mr. Weissman returned home on the 1:50 p. m. train owing to the serious illness of his wife.

Lee Moore, who was injured some days ago in Elk county, and confined in Ridgway Hospital, came home on Thursday evening. Mr. Moore met with a painful accident, a tree striking him in the face. Fortunate that he escaped fatal injuries.

R. H. Hirsch made the PRESS sanctum a short call yesterday. Call again, "Dick."

Mrs. E. C. Bubb and her sister Miss Grace Pye, are visiting friends in Williamsport.

Mr. A. F. Andrews has entered the employ of Mr. B. A. Slocum on West Fifth street.

Claude Conley, of Ridgway, is visiting his uncle, M. H. Terwilliger and wife, on Spring street.

Mrs. Florence Tittenson and daughter, of Trenton, N. J., are guests of Rev. and Mrs. Pugsley.

Mrs. Robt. B. Thomson and children, Marshall and Austin, of Buffalo, are guests of Miss Eva Yates, at this place.

Misses Louise and Elizabeth Searles, of Herkimer, N. Y., are guests of Miss Encie Howard at her home on Fourth street.

Mrs. Mary Bonham and children returned home last week from Chicago where they had been visiting for several weeks.

Miss Annie Duitch, of Williamsport, arrived in Emporium last week and is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Henry Auchu. She will remain in our city some time.

Mrs. H. P. Spence, who has been visiting in Forest county, returned home this week, accompanied by her sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Maze.

Mrs. George Rishell and son Allison returned Saturday evening from Clintondale and will remain in Emporium a week or ten days before leaving for their home in Erie.

Mrs. T. Cleary and daughters, Misses Belle, Florence, and Corinne, left Monday for an extended visit with relatives and friends in Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and Ashtabula, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Swartz, and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Swartz and Mrs. Lizzie Nolan, were called to Beech Creek, to attend the funeral of Mr. Swartz's sister, Mrs. Mariah Nestleroad.

Miss Gertrude Butler, of Port Allegany, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Butler at their West Fifth street home. This pleasant young lady, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. M. Butler, was born in Emporium.

Alfred Nelson, who for many years has been employed in Howard & Company's saw mill at this place, but the past two months in the employ of Hyde & Co., at Cameron, dropped in Saturday evening and renewed another year with the old reliable PRESS.

J. R. Collins, of Kane, Pa., the engineer who was so seriously injured in the Rathbun accident last February and came near losing his life, was in Emporium last Saturday, guest of his friend, engineer Wm. A. Sprung, who showed him the town. Mr. Collins is almost ready for work.

Mr. John Kackenmeister was called to Weedville, Elk county, on Monday on account of the serious illness of his daughter who is visiting at that place. Mr. Kackenmeister returned on Wednesday and reports her somewhat improved in health and on a fair road to recovery, we are pleased to note.

Mr. John D. Klein returned to his home in Williamsport, Monday, after a brief stay with his sister, Mrs. F. P. Rentz, at this place. Mr. Klein was recently engaged in the printing business here and he and his wife made many warm friends here who are always glad to see them. Mrs. Klein and little daughter are still here.

Mrs. Emma Mersereau Newton is in town looking after her property interests. Mrs. Newton is a very popular and pleasant lady, and as a writer she is rapidly gaining distinction. Her most recent publication, "The Veil of Solana," is receiving much favorable comment by learned readers. She is indeed a deserving lady.

Orlow Jordan, who returned home from Chicago a month ago to fill his lungs with Emporium air and fatten up on mother's cooking, is showing a wonderful improvement. He says he don't eat much, but Joe says that Orlow starts in at twelve and is still busy at it when he leaves at one. Orlow met a couple of our charming young ladies recently and for a couple hours never once thought of "dear Coudersport, Pa." He is also beginning to tell good sized stories of the big city, so he must be feeling his old-time self again.

For Sale.

An ideal driving horse. One that will please you all day long.

Also, one good, all around work or general purpose horse. Weight 1200 pounds.

One light single harness, one pair light sleighs and one platform wagon.

As I have no use for the above mentioned, I can and will give you the worth of your money.

Terms: Cash, or approved paper, with reasonable time.

23-tf. FRANK SHIVES.

Lock-Out.

A lock-out affecting nearly one thousand men is now on at Galeton. The differences are with only the log trainmen and loaders, but owing to the inability of the company to put logs into the ponds the mills are forced to shut down. This will be virtually a lock-out for the mill hands as well as the loaders and trainmen, as it is stated that the latter were discharged owing to a rumor that a srike was apparent. The difference is one of wages.

As to Books.

The man who guards his book-shelves as a sanctuary, who has a "fit" when the baby grabs some one of his precious editions and cracks the covers, who fingers the pages of his books tenderly and hangs over their illustrations with almost maternal fondness, is a book lover. The man who gathers "first editions," refuses to cut the pages, and keeps them under lock and key, is a "crank". We cannot all be book lovers, I suppose. We would not wish to be "cranks". There are certainly some people with whom books, like olives, are an acquired taste, or, if liked, are reserved for rare and desperate occasions. These people are unfortunate, because they do miss a vast amount of pleasure, to say nothing of instruction.

Next to the world of out-of-doors, where we can study Mother Nature, I can conceive of nothing more satisfying than the world of books. There we may seek and find anything we crave. If we fail to accomplish, we may read of men and women who have accomplished, and we may steal their thrills and resolutions and adapt them to our own use. If wage-earning shuts us up, away from the woods and mountains, in a stupid, dingy, noisy city office, where green things are embodied solely in the office boy, we can yet *read* of pure air, and solitude, and flowers, and green trees. Of course, we must have imagination. That is the tool of the book world. It is hard to see the heroic in our neighbors, so much does the pettiness of life get in between them and us. But give us the right book, and by comparison with its heroism we may see such similarity as to make our friends living heroes and heroines. We learn to appreciate them by having their unconscious good qualities brought before us. Pleasure, and knowledge, and ethical good, are not all the joys of the book world. There the mind can stretch itself and shake off limitations.

Everybody can possess at least one shelf of favorite books nowadays. Books are "dirt" cheap, and the most delightful books in the world. It is the worn-out historical novel of 1902-3 which costs $1.10, Good old-fashioned novels, like "Cranford", or "The Little Minister", or "Lorna Doone", cost no more than the sacrifice of a necktie or two pocket handkerchiefs. Attractive, up-to-date editions, too, with Remington, or Gibson, or Peter Newell illistrations. And after all these are the stories that stay with us.

Who of us can forget "Babbie", or the delicate tribute of Barrie to his mother, in Margaret Ogilvy? We can smile a day long over the four deacons and their interchanged looks of horror at finding that what they had taken to be their little minister's sermon was instead a very ardent love poem; or over the old lady in the village who "doted" on funerals; or over the little old maid in Cranford who put her cow into red and ruffled flannel drawers lest she take cold. All these are mirthful, and homely, and dear. They are the plainest everyday doings, told with a delicacy which raises them above the common-place.

It is a pity that so many of us content ourselves with summaries of great books when we may read the books themselves. When we read *about* Adam Bede, we are missing the personal contract with George Eliot, that extraordinary woman whose understanding of human nature was so deep. Reading *about* Hamlet and not the drama itself, we lose the simple dignity and the dramatic strength which established Shakespeare in the top niche of English dramatists.

Emporium has a start toward an excellent library. It has standard histories of the European states, England and America, and a good lot of fiction, comprising Dickens, Kipling, Crawford, Wallace, and others. It does need biography—not of the dry sort—but the kind that fascinates the ambitious small boy. Boswell's Life of Johnson, for instance, which is far more interesting, with its merry anecdotes, than that learned gentleman could have been himself.

Lewes' Life of Goethe is bound to interest any set of girls, and the recently published letters of that gifted woman, Jane Carlyle, in one of which she relates her trials with an Amazon of a servant girl would be fun to any housewife. Barrie, George Eliot, Thackeray, Scott, Hawthorne, Holmes, Lytton, Maupassant, Meredith, Stockton—all of these and more, we shall hail with delight when they appear on the reading room shelves. As for the children, Kate Douglas Wiggin is the mother of them all. Her "Patsy", with his big brown eyes, his freckled saucy nose, his big heart, bigger far than his little crippled body and his sad story, must win everybody's heart.

One thing we have, and that is Mr. Dooley, about the only true wit we can boast of.

W.

The Eureka Mfg. Co., of East St Louis, Ill., want a man with rig to introduce Poultry Mixture in this county. They guarantee $3 50 a day to a good worker and they furnish bank reference of their reliability. Send stamp for particulars. Eureka Mfg. Co., Box 99, East St. Louis, Ill.
46-1-ly.

Town Lots for Sale.

A number of desirable building lots, in the hustling town of Cameron, for ale at a bargain. Apply to
JOHN CUMMINGS,
21-8t. Emporium, Pa.

NEW CAMERON HOUSE,
Cameron, Pa.,
Opposite P. & E. Depot,
HARRY McGEE, Proprietor.

Having taken possession of this house and thoroughly remodeled and enlarged the building by erecting an addition of eighteen rooms, I am well prepared to meet the demands of the public. Guests conveyed to any part of the county. Good fishing and hunting in the immediate vicinity.

WANTED—Several industrious persons in each state to travel for house established eleven years and with large capital, to call upon merchants and agents for successful and profitable line. Permanent engagement. Weekly cash salary of $18 and all traveling expences and hotel bills advanced is cash each week. Experience not essential. Mention reference and enclose self-addressed envelope. The National, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago. 10-16.

Notice of Executrix.

Estate of JOHN M. OLSON, deceased.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of John M. Olson, late of Emporium Borough, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Hedvig Olson, residing in said Borough, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

HEDVIG OLSON, Executrix,
August 5th, 1903. 24-6-t
GREEN & SHAFFER, Solicitors.

KNOWS MI-O-NA WILL DO GOOD.

L. Taggart has Such Faith in This Remarkable Flesh-Forming Food, That he Sells it Under Guarantee.

It is an unusual thing for a druggist to sell a medicine under a guarantee to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction, yet this is the way L. Taggart whose word is as good as his bond is selling Mi-o-na, the remarkable flesh-forming food and cure for dyspepsia.

Never before has he had so large a number of customers tell him that a medicine has cured, as since he began selling Mi-o-na.

There is no longer any need of any-one's suffering or making their friends suffer because of stomach trouble or distressing thinness.

Mi-o-na can be relied upon to regulate and strengthen the digestive organs and to build up good, solid, beautiful flesh.

L. Taggart takes all the risk by selling this preparation under a guarantee to return the money, if it does not give satisfaction. He will sign an agreement to this effect, and take your word as to whether Mi-o-na cures or not.

Headaches, all forms of indigestion, specks before the eyes, dizzy feeling, ringing in the ears, all forms of liver troubles, emaciation, and general run-down conditions are cured by Mi-o na. A few days treatment shows a considerable gain in health, and a cure speedily follows.

Now is the best time in the whole year for the enjoyment of good health. Use Mi-o-na and you will soon be in such perfect condition that you can enjoy every minute.

"The Veil of Solana" should be in the hands of every reader in Emporium.

Have you included "The Veil of Solana" in your summer reading? If not, why not?

Grocery Specials

DAY'S

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

Is the pinacle of the week at this store. Days when we put on such special lots as our search has developed.

The following articles are at money making prices for you. All are worthy.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

15C	Package Wheat Biscuit	12C
15C	Package Macaroni Genuine Imported.	12C
25C	Bottle Olives, Selected.	20C
15C	Can Salmon, Fancy Cohes.	12C
10C	Can Peas, Fine sifted June.	8C
25	Lb. Bag Sugar Best Granulated.	$1.40
	CALIFORNIA HAMS, Trimmed shoulders	10C

It's up to you now if you want to save money.

Choice Fresh Fruits and vegetables.

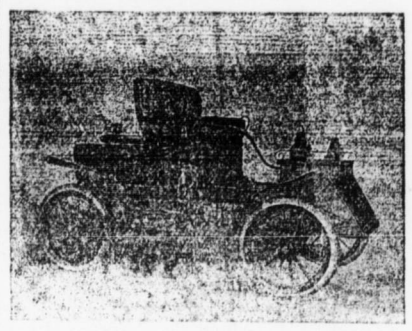
HIGH GRADE BUTTER.

PRATTS STOCK FOOD.

Phone 6. J. H. DAY

EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine.
DR. PEAL'S
PENNYROYAL PILLS,
Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box.
Sold by R. C. Dodson, druggist

4% ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS
BANK BY MAIL
And get the 4 per cent annual interest and absolute protection of this strong bank.
Assets over $7,700,000.
GERMANIA SAVINGS BANK
WOOD AND DIAMOND STREETS PITTSBURG, PA.



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HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUTS
CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Fall and Winter Woolens
Have Just Arrived.

I am now ready to please the public, having just moved my Tailor Shop to the Odd Fellows Block, in order to cut down expenses. I can now make clothes much cheaper than they can be made any where in this section. I employ only first-class workmen and invite the public to call and inspect my stock.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY DONE.

J. L. FOBERT.

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
STRONG AGAIN! Sexine Pills
They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
For sale by R. C. Dodson, Druggist, Emporium, Pa. 1

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE Suppository
D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 23 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.
Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C Dodson. Call for free sample.

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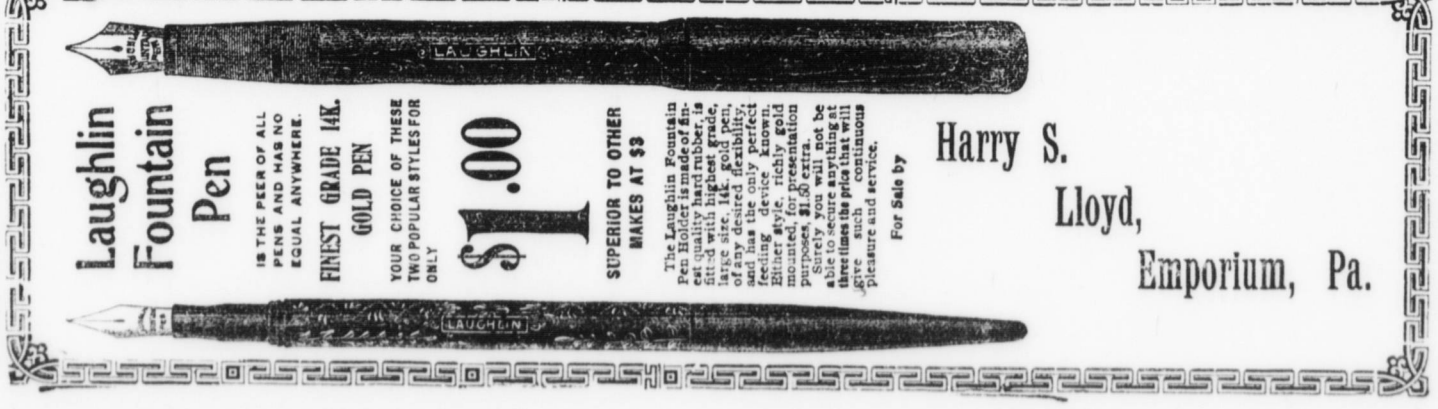
DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.



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IS THE PEER OF ALL PENS AND HAS NO EQUAL ANYWHERE.
FINEST GRADE 14K. GOLD PEN
YOUR CHOICE OF THESE TWO POPULAR STYLES FOR ONLY
$1.00
SUPERIOR TO OTHER MAKES AT $3
The Laughlin Fountain Pen Holder is made of finest quality hard rubber, is fitted with highest grade, large size, 14k. gold pen, of any desired flexibility, and has the only perfect feeding device known. Either style, richly gold mounted, for presentation purposes, $1.50 extra.
Surely you will not be able to secure anything at three times the price that will give such continuous pleasure and service.
For Sale by
Harry S. Lloyd,
Emporium, Pa.

OUR SERIAL.

MY GENTLEMAN.

I own a dog who is a gentleman:
By birth most surely, since the creature can
Boast of a pedigree the like of which
Holds not a Howard or a Metternich.

By breeding. Since the walks of life he trod,
He never wagged an unkind tale abroad.
He never snubbed a nameless cur because
Without a friend or credit card he was.

By pride. He looks you squarely in the face
Unshrinking and without a single trace
Of either diffidence or arrogant
Assertion such as upstarts often flaunt.

By tenderness. The littlest girl may tear
With absolute impunity his hair,
And pinch his silken, flowing ears the while
He smiles upon her—yes, I've seen him smile.

By loyalty. No truer friend than he
Has come to prove his friendship's worth to me.
He does not fear the master—knows no fear—
But loves the man who is his master here.

By countenance. If there be nobler eyes,
More full of honor and of honesties,
In finer head, on broader shoulders found—
Then have I never met the man or hound.

Here is the motto on my lifeboat's log:
"God grant I may be worthy of my dog!"
—N. O. Times-Democrat.

A Daughter of the Sioux

By GEN. CHARLES KING.

Copyright, 1902, by The Hobart Company.

CHAPTER X.

A sharp affair indeed was that of this September day!—a fight long talked of on the frontier if soon forgotten in "the states." Obedient to his orders to push to the relief of the imperiled party on Dry Fork, Ray had made good time to Moccasin Ridge, even though saving horses and men for the test of the later hours. Well he knew his march would be watched by some of Stabber's band, but little did he dream at starting that Indian strategy would take the unusual form of dropping what promised to be a sure thing, leaving the people at the stage station to the guardianship of less than a dozen braves, and launching out with a big band to aid a little one in attack on one lone detachment that might not come at all. But Lame Wolf reasoned that the people penned at the stage station were in no condition to attempt to escape. They were safe whenever he chose to return to them, and Lame Wolf knew this of Stabber—that he had long been a hanger-on about the military reservations, that he had made a study of the methods of the white chiefs, that he was able to almost accurately predict what their course would be in such event as this, and that Stabber had recently received accessions whose boast it was that they had information at first hand of the white chiefs' plans and intentions. Stabber had sent swift runners to Lame Wolf, urging him to bring his warriors to aid him in surrounding the first troops sent forth from Frayne. Stabber had noted, year after year, that it was the almost invariable policy of our leaders to order a small force at the start, and then, when that was crushed, to follow it with the big one that should have been sent in the first place. Kennedy's successful coming was known to Stabber quite as soon as it was to Webb. It may be said that Stabber let him through, feeling confident what the result would be, and then, despite a certain jealousy, not confined entirely to savage tribal leaders, Lame Wolf had confidence in Stabbers' judgment. Ray had expected long range flank fire, and possibly occasional resistance in front; but, assured of Stabber's paucity in numbers, and believing Lame Wolf too busy to send Stabber substantial aid, he thought a sharp lesson or two would clear his front of such Indians as sought to check him, and so rode serenely forward, rejoicing in his mission and in his game and devoted little command.

"Something beyond that second ridge," he had said to Field, in sending him forward with the bulk of the platoon, and Field, who had been silent and brooding, woke at the summons and, all animation at the scent of danger, spurred swiftly ahead to join the advance and see for himself what manner of hindrance awaited them, leaving the baker's dozen of his platoon to trot steadily on under the lead of its sergeant, while Ray, with his trumpeter, followed midway between his advance and Clayton's platoon, intact, moving quietly at the walk and held in reserve.

Ordinarily Ray himself would have ridden to the far front and personally investigated the conditions, but he was anxious that Field should understand he held the full confidence of his temporary commander. He wished Field to realize that now he had opportunity for honorable distinction, and a chance to show what was in him, and, having sent him forward, Ray meant to rely on his reports and be ready to back, if possible, his dispositions. Nothing so quickly demolishes prejudice in garrison as prowess in the field. Not infrequently has an officer gone forth under a cloud and returned under a crown. It is so much easier to be a hero in a single fight than a model soldier throughout an entire season—at least so it was in the old days.

But the moment Mr. Field dismounted and, leaving his horse with the others along the slope, had gone crouching to the crest, he leveled his glasses for one look, then turned excitedly and began rapid signals to his followers. Presently a young trooper came charging down, making straight for Ray. "The lieutenant's compliments," said he, "but there's a dozen Sioux in sight, and he wishes to know shall he charge."

A dozen Sioux in sight! That was unusual. Ordinarily the Indians kept in hiding, lurking behind sheltering crests and ridges in open country, or the trees and underbrush where such cover is possible. A dozen in sight?

"How far ahead, Murray?" asked the captain, as he shook free his rein and started forward at the gallop. "Did you see them yourself?"

"Yes, sir. Most of 'em were bunched by the roadside, jabbing with their lances at something or other. Two or three were closer in. They must ha' been watching us, for they only quit the ridge just before we came up. Then they skedaddled." The vernacular of the civil war days, long since forgotten except about the few veteran soldiers' homes in the east, was still in use at times in regiments like the —th, which had served the four years through with the Army of the Potomac. Old sergeants give the tone to younger soldiers in all the customs of the service. The captain and the two men now with him had caught up with Field's swift-trotting support by this time, and the eyes of the men kindled instantly at sight of their leader speeding easily by, cool, confident and as thoroughly at home as though it were the most ordinary skirmish drill. Those who have never tried it do not quite realize what it means to ride in closed ranks and compact column, silent and unswerving, straight forward over open fields toward some equally silent crest, that gives no sign of hostile occupancy, and yet may suddenly blaze with vengeful fires and spit its hissing lead into the faces of the advancing force. Even here where the ridge was already gained by two or three of the advance, proving, therefore, that the enemy could not be in possession, men saw by the excitement manifest in the signals of the lieutenant, and indeed of Sergeant Scott, who had spent 15 years in the ranks, that Indians must be close at hand. The crest was barely 500 yards in front of the section, and they were still "bunched," a splendid mark if the foe saw fit by sudden dash to regain the ridge and pour in rapid fire from their magazine rifles.

Even as he went loping by, Ray had half turned, with something like a smile in his dark eyes and a nod of his curly head to the sergeant commanding, and a gesture of the gauntleted hand—a horizontal sweep to right and left, twice repeated—had given the veteran his cue, and with another moment Winser had the dozen in line at open, yet narrow, intervals, with carbines advanced and ready for business. They saw their captian ride swiftly up the gentle slope until close to the crest, then off he sprang, tossed his reins to the trumpeter and went hurrying afoot to join the lieutenant. They saw him kneeling as though to level his glasses and look fixedly forward; saw Field run back to his horse and mount in a twinkling; saw him whirl about as though coming to place himself at their head, yet rein in at once—his charger's fore feet ploughing the turf at some word from their leader. Field was eager to charge, but Ray had seen for himself and for his men, and Ray said no. Another moment, and all were at the front again in saddle—Field back with the advance, Ray coolly seated astride his pet sorrel—scouting a second ridge, far to the north, with his glasses, and, sending, as before, Scott and his three troopers straight on to the front, and signaling to the flankers to continue the move. Ten seconds' study of the position in the long, wide, shallow depression before him had fathomed the scheme of the savage. The little knot of Indians, jabbering, yelping, prodding and circling about some unseen object on the turf, feigning ignorance of the soldiers' coming, was at the old-time trick to get the foremost troopers to charge and chase, to draw them on in the dash and excitement of the moment, far ahead—three miles, perhaps—of the main body, and so enable the lurking band behind that second curtain, the farther ridge, to come swooping down to surround, overwhelm and butcher the luckless few, then be off to safe distance long before the mass of the troop could possibly reach the scene.

"No you don't, Stabber!" laughed Ray, as Field, not a little chagrined, and the dozen at his back, came trotting within hearing distance. "That dodge was bald-headed when I was a baby. Look, Field," he continued. "They were jabbing at nothing there on the prairie. That was a fake captive they were stabbing to death. See them all scooting away now. They'll rally beyond that next ridge, and we'll do a little fooling of our own."

And so, with occasional peep at feathered warriors on the far left flank, and frequent hoverings of small parties on the distant front, Ray's nervy half-hundred pushed steadily on. Two experiments had satisfied the Sioux that the captain himself was in command, and they had long since recognized the sorrels. They knew old Ray was not to be caught by time-worn tricks. They had failed to pick off the advance, or the officers, as the troop approached the second ridge. Lame Wolf's big band was coming fast, but only a dozen of his warriors sent lashing forward, had as yet reached Stabber. The latter was too weak in numbers to think of fighting on even terms, and as Ray seemed determined to come ahead, why not let him? Word was sent to Wolf not to risk south of the Elk Tooth spur. There in the breaks and ravines would be a famous place to lie in ambush, leaving to Stabber the duty of drawing the soldiers into the net. So there in the breaks they waited while Ray's long skirmish line easily maneuvered the red sharpshooters out of their lair on the middle divide. Then, reforming the column, the little company bore straight away for the Elk.

But all these diversions took time. Twenty miles to the north of Frayne stretched the bold divide between the Elk Fork, dry as a dead tooth much of the year, and the sandy bottom of the Box Elder. Here and there along the ridge were sudden, mound-like upheavals that gave it a picturesque, castellated effect, for, unlike the general run of the country, the Elk Tooth seemed to have a backbone of rock that shot forth southeastward from the southern limit of the beautiful Big Horn range; and, in two or three places, during some prehistoric convulsion of nature, it had crushed itself out of shape and forced upward a mass of gleaming rock that even in the course of centuries had not been overgrown with grass. "Elk teeth" the Indians had called these odd projections, and one of them, the

"IT WAS THE SIGHT OF PUFFS OF SMOKE SAILING SKYWARD FROM THE CREST OF THE MIDDLE TOOTH THAT CAUGHT RAY'S ATTENTION."

middle one of the three most prominent, was a landmark seen many a mile except to the south and west. Eagle Butte was the only point south of the Big Horn and in the valley of the Platte from which it could be seen, and famous were these two points in the old days of the frontier for the beacon fires that burned or the mirror signals that flashed on their summits when the war parties of the Sioux were afield.

It was the sight of the puffs of smoke sailing skyward from the crest of the middle tooth that caught Ray's attention the moment he reached the second ridge. A moment more had been devoted to recalling some of his eager men who, from the extreme right of the swinging skirmish line, had broken away in pursuit of certain intentional laggards. Then a dozen of the Indians, finding themselves no longer followed, gathered at comparatively safe distance across the prairie, and, while in eager consultation, found time for taunting, challenging and occasionally firing at the distant and angering troopers, whom Sergeant Scott had sharply ordered back, and Ray, after calm survey of these fellows through his glass, had then leveled it at the trio of buttes along the distant ridge, and turned to Field, sitting silent and disappointed by his side.

"There, Field," said the captain. "Take this glass and look at those signal smokes—Stabber has more men now at his call than he had when he started, and more yet are coming. They were just praying that you would charge with a handful of men. They would have let you through, then closed around and cut you off. Do you see, boy?"

Field touched his hat brim. "You know them best, sir," was the brief answer. "What I wanted was a chance at those fellows hanging about our front and calling us names."

"You'll get it, I'm thinking, before we're an hour older. They know whither we're bound, and mean to delay us all they can. Ah, Clayton," he added, as the junior lieutenant rode up to join them, while his platoon dismounted to reset saddles behind the screen of the skirmish line. "Men look full of fight, don't they? There, if anywhere, is where we'll get it. I've just been showing Field those signal smokes. Mount and follow when we're half way down to that clump of cottonwoods yonder. We must reach those people at the stage station to-night, and I may have to give these beggars a lesson first. Watch for my signal and come ahead lively if I turn toward you and swing my hat. All ready, Field. Shove ahead."

And this was the last conference between the three officers that eventful morning. As once again the advance guard pushed cautiously forward toward the banks of the arroyo in the bottom, Ray turned to Field. "Skirmish work suits you better than office duty, Field. You look far livelier than you did yesterday. Don't you begin to see that the major was right in sending you out with us?"

And the dark eyes of the trained and experienced soldier shone kindly into the face of the younger man.

"I'm glad to be with you, Capt. Ray," was the prompt answer. "It isn't—my being sent, but the way I was sent, or the—cause for which I was sent that stings me. I thought then, and I think now, that if you had been post commander it wouldn't have been done. I don't know yet what charge has been laid at my door——"

"There was no time to talk of reasons, Field," interrupted Ray, though his keen eyes were fixed on the distant ridge ahead, beyond which the last of the Indians had now disappeared. The outermost troopers, with Sergeant Scott, were within a few hundred yards of the little clump of cottonwoods that marked the site of a water hole. To the right and left of it curved and twisted the dry water course between its low, jagged, precipitous banks. Behind the advance, full 400 yards, rode the skirmish line from the first platoon, a dozen strong. Far out to the east and west the flankers moved steadily northward, keenly watching the slopes beyond them, and scanning the crooked line of arroyo ahead. Not a sign at the moment could be seen of the painted foe, yet every man in the troop well knew they swarmed by dozens behind the buttes and ridges ahead. Ray and Field, riding easily along in the rear of the line, with only the trumpeter in earshot, relaxed in no measure the vigilance demanded by the situation, yet each was deeply concerned in the subject of the talk.

But before Ray could interpose again there came sudden and stirring interruption. From a point far down the "swale" from behind the low bank of the stream bed, three rifle shots rang out on the crisp morning air. The horse of the leading flanker, away out to the right reared and plunged violently, the rider seeming vainly to strive to check him. Almost instantly three mounted warriors were seen tearing madly away northeastward out of the gully, their feathers streaming in the wind. Field spurred away to join his men. Ray whirled about in saddle and swung his broad-brimmed scouting hat high above his head, in signal to Clayton; then shouted to Field. "Forward to the cottonwoods. Gallop!" he cried. "We need them first of all!"

[To Be Continued.]

IN A GLASS HOUSE.

Notwithstanding Which Residence She Persisted in Throwing a Stone or Two.

Nobody who looked at Miss Simpson as she twitched pins out of their paper and stabbed them into her small red cushion could have been in doubt as to her frame of mind—she was plainly in a fine rage, relates Youth's Companion.

"I've been working at Mrs. Porter's," she volunteered at last, after she had portioned out the basting to the meekly waiting family and taken up her shears, "and every time I go there I say it'll be the last! But I like her, and so I go. Her oldest daughter, though, that Jennie, I can't abide!

"Yesterday I gave her a piece o' my mind, and it did me good. She had been using slang all the morning, and I spoke to her about it. I told her it didn't sound well in a young girl, and a deacon's daughter. And she up with that sassy little head of hers, and says she, 'I don't see why you should object, Miss Simpson. You ought to be the last one, I'm sure.'

"Then I looked her right back, and I says, 'Because I go out sewing by the day, I suppose? Well, I can just tell you,' I says, 'that I know what's what, even if I do look like the last run o' shad; an' those that use slang can't hope to approach elegance of language,' I says, 'not within a row of apple-trees!'"

A Lawyer's Advice.

One of the old practitioners at the Osceola (Mo.) bar tells this story of the good counsel which a lawyer in that town once gave a client:

Shortly after the firm of Nesbitt & Ferguson hung out their shingle an old farmer called upon them in regard to a land suit. Some of the parties at issue were not residents of the state and it was necessary to notify them by publication. Ferguson took down a blank and began to fire questions at the farmer at a great rate, which the honest old fellow proceeded to answer after weighing carefully each word. The blank having been finished and put in a pigeonhole, the client asked what it was.

"That is the advertisement commanding the non-residents to appear and defend the suit."

"And how much will that cost?"

"My friend," said Ferguson, calmly, looking the old man in the eye, "if you are going to figure on the cost you had better stay out of lawsuits."—Kansas City Journal.

Not a Clear Title.

The word "furlough" occurred in a reading lesson of a primary grade in one of the public schools. The teacher asked if any boy or girl knew the meaning of the word.

One small hand was raised and shaken vigorously in the eagerness of the urchin to display his knowledge. When he received permission to speak, he rose, and with the greatest assurance said:

"Furlough means a mule."

Not a whit disturbed at the teacher's "Oh, no, it doesn't," the small boy confidently answered:

"I have the book at home that says so." Then the teacher told him he might bring the book to school and show it to her.

The next morning he came armed with the book, and triumphantly showed her the picture of an American soldier astride a mule, under which was printed, "Going home on his furlough."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Pennsylvania RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAIL ROAD DIVISION.

In effect May 24, 1903.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

8 15 A. M.—Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 6.00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12 25 P. M. (Emporium Junction) daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7.32 p. m.; New York, 10.24 p. m.; Baltimore, 7.30 p. m.; Washington, 8.35, p. m. Vestibuled Parlor cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

3 20 P. M.—daily for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M. Baltimore, 2.20 A. M. Washington, 3.30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 A. M.

10 25 P. M.—Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 7.22 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.31 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 7.15 A. M., Washington 8.30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie, Buffalo and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Buffalo, Williamsport to Washington. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

12 01 A. M. (Emporium Junction), daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7.22 a. m.; New York, 9.33 a. m., week days; (10.33 Sundays); Baltimore, 7.15 a. m.; Washington, 8.30 a. m. Vestibuled Buffet Sleeping Cars and Passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5.10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—daily for Erie, Ridgway, and week days for DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 30 A. M.—Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 23 P. M.—Week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

RIDGWAY AND CLEARFIELD R. R. CONNECTIONS.
(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD.			Stations.	NORTHWARD		
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
.....	9 00	4 00	....Renovo....	.....	5 00	11 40
.....	9 50	4 38	...Driftwood...	.....	4 00	11 05
.....	10 25	5 10	Emporium Junc	.....	3 23	10 35
.....	11 13	5 53	....St. Marys...	.....	2 41	9 50
3 25	11 05	6 00	.....Kane.....	12 25	3 05	8 25
3 43	11 23	6 22	....Wilcox.....	12 05	2 45	8 04
3 55	11 38	6 36	..Johnsonburg..	9 55	2 33	7 09
4 10	12 10	7 00	...Ridgway,....	9 30	2 15	7 30
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4 20	12 20	7 10	..Mill Haven...	9 20	2 04	7 20
4 30	12 30	7 21	.. Croyland....	9 10	1 54	7 09
4 34	12 33	7 25	..Shorts Mills..	9 06	1 51	7 05
4 37	12 36	7 28	...Blue Rock...	9 02	1 47	7 01
4 41	12 40	7 32	....Carrier....	8 57	1 43	6 57
4 11	12 50	7 42	..Brockwayville	8 49	1 33	6 47
4	4 12 54	7 47	...Lanes Mills..	8 44	1 28	6 43
		7 51	..McMinns Sm't.	8 40		6 38
5 01	1 03	7 58	..Harveys Run..	8 35	1 19	6 35
5 10	1 10	8 05	..Falls Creek...	8 30	1 15	6 30
5 25	1 25	8 13	....DuBois.....	8 20	1 05	6 10
5 12	1 15	8 05	..Falls Creek...	6 53	1 15	6 30
5 27	1 32	8 18	..Reynoldsville..	6 39	12 52	6 15
6 00	1 59	8 45	..Brookville...	6 05	12 24	5 35
6 45	2 38	9 30	New Bethlehem		11 47	4 50
7 23	3 20	10 10	..Red Bank.....	.....	11 10	4 05
9 45	5 30	12 35	....Pittsburg....	.....	9 00	1 36
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

BUFFALO & ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION.

Leave Emporium Junction for Port Allegany, Olean, Arcade, East Aurora and Buffalo.

Train No. 107, daily.....4.05 A. M.
Train No. 115, daily.....4.15 P. M.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating, Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Train No. 101, week days.....8.30 A. M.
Train No. 103, week days.....1.40 P. M.

Train No. 103 will connect at Olean with Chautauqua Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

LOW GRADE DIVISION.

EASTBOUND.

STATIONS.	109	113	101	105	107	901
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M	P. M	A. M.
Pittsburg, Lv.	.....	†6 15	†9 00	†130	*505	‡ 9 00
Red Bank,	.....	9 28	11 10	4 05	7 55	11 10
Lawsonham,	.....	9 40	‡1122	4 18	8 07	11 23
New Bethle'm	.....	10 13	11 47	4 50	8 37	11 55
Brookville,	†6 05	11 00	12 24	5 39	9 22	12 41
Reynoldsville,	6 39	11 32	12 52	6 15	9 50	1 14
Falls Creek	6 53	11 48	1 13	6 30	1005	1 29
DuBois,	7 00	‡11 55	1 25	6 40	1010	‡ 1 35
Sabula,	7 12	.....	1 37	6 52	‡	
Pennfield,	7 30	.....	1 55	7 10	‡	
Bennezette,	8 04	.....	2 29	7 44	‡	
Driftwood,	†8 40	.....	†3 05	†820	‡	
via P. & E. Div						
Driftwood, Lv.	*9 50	.....	†3 45			
Emporium, Ar.	†10 30	.....	†4 10			
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M	P. M	P. M.

WESTBOUND.

STATIONS.	108	106	102	114	110	942
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Via P. & E. Div						
Emporium, Lv.	.....	.....	†8 15	.....	†3 20	.....
Driftwood, Ar.	.....	.....	†9 00	.....	†4 00	.....
Via L. G. Div	.....					
Driftwood, Lv.	.....	†6 10	†1110	.....	†5 50	.....
Bennezette,	.....	6 45	11 45	.....	6 23	.....
Pennfield,	.....	7 20	12 20	.....	7 00	.....
Sabula,	.....		12 39	.....	7 18	.....
DuBois	*6 10	8 00	12 55	†5 05	7 35	†4 10
Falls Creek,	6 17	8 05	1 15	5 12	7 42	4 17
Reynoldsville,	6 31	8 18	1 29	5 27	7 58	4 30
Brookville.	7 05	8 45	1 59	6 00	†8 30	5 00
New Bethle'm.	7 51	9 30	2 38	6 45	.....	5 45
Lawsonham,	8 21	9 57	†3 06	7 14	.....	6 18
Red Bank, Ar.	8 35	10 10	3 20	7 25	.....	6 30
Pittsburg, Ar.	*11 15	‡1235	†5 30	†9 45	.....	†9 30
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Note—Train 107 on Sundays will make all stop. between Red Bank and DuBois.
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.
‖Flag Stop.

For Time Tables and further information, apply to Ticket Agent.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.	10	8	4	6	2
	P. M.	.....	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Port Allegany, Lv.	3 15	.....	7 05	.....	11 36
Coleman,	*3 23	.....	○○	.....	*11 41
Burtville,	*3 30	.....	7 16	.....	11 47
Roulette,	3 40	.....	7 25	.....	11 55
Knowlton's,	*3 45	.....	○○	.....	*11 59
Mina,	3 59	.....	7 35	.....	12 05
Olmsted,	*4 05	.....	*7 38	.....	*12 09
Hammonds,	○○	.....	○○	.....	*12 13
Coudersport. Ar.	4 20	A. M.	7 45	.....	12 15
Coudersport. Lv.		6 10		6 00	1 00
North Coudersport,	.....	*6 15	.....	○○	*1 05
Frink's,	.....	6 25	.....	*6 10	*1 12
Colesburg,	.....	*6 40	.....	*6 17	1 20
Seven Bridges,	.....	*6 45	.....	*6 21	*1 24
Raymonds's,	.....	*7 00	.....	*6 30	1 35
Gold,	.....	7 05	.....	6 36	1 41
Newfield,	.....	○○	.....		1 45
Newfield Junction,	.....	7 37	.....	6 45	1 50
Perkins,	.....	*7 40	.....	*6 48	*1 53
Carpenter's,	.....	7 46	.....	○○	*1 57
Crowell's,	.....	7 50	.....	*6 53	*2 01
Ulysses, Ar.	.....	8 05	.....	7 05	2 10
	.....	A. M.	.....		P. M.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	1	5	3	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....
Ulysses, Lv.	7 20	2 25	9 10	.....
Crowell's,	*7 27	*2 32	* 9 19	.....
Carpenter's,	○○	*2 34	* 9 22	.....
Perkins,	*7 32	*2 37	* 9 26	.....
Newfield Junction,	7 37	2 42	9 32	.....
Newfield,	*7 41	2 46	○○	.....
Gold,	7 44	2 49	9 40	.....
Raymond's	*7 49	2 54	* 9 47	.....
Seven Bridges,	*8 01	*3 05	*10 02	.....
Colesburg,	*8 04	3 09	*10 10	.....
Frink's,	*8 12	*3 17	*10 20	.....
North Coudersport,	○○	*3 26	*10 35	.....
Coudersport, Ar.	8 25	3 30	10 45	.....
Coudersport, Lv.	8 28	6 00	P. M. 1 20	.....
	○○	○○	○○	.....
Hammonds,	*8 33	*6 05	*1 31	.....
Olmsted,	8 37	6 10	1 37	.....
Mina,	○○	*6 17	○○	.....
Knowlton's,	8 47	6 21	1 51	.....
Roulette,	8 54	6 28	2 01	.....
Burtville,	○○	*6 34	○○	.....
Coleman,	9 08	6 40	2 25	.....
Port Allegany,				

(*) Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop
‖ Telegraph offices Train Nos. 2 and 12

carry passengers. Trains 6 and 10 do.
Trains run on Eastern Standard Time.

Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y for points north and south. At B. & S. Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. north for Wellsville, south for Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R.

Time Table taking Effect June 23, 1902.

Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad and Connections.

"The Grand Scenic Route."

READ DOWN.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....	
Lv K'ting Smt		12 40	7 30	9 10	.....	
Austin	6 35	1 05	8 00	9 50	.....	
Costello	6 44	1 14	.....		.....	
Wharton	6 56	1 26	.....	3 10	.....	
Cross Fork Jct.	7 39	2 09	.....	4 23	.....	
Corbett	8 06	2 36	.....	5 15	.....	
Germania,		2 47	.....	5 15	.....	
Ar. Galeton,	.....	.....	.....	5 23	.....	
Lv. Galeton,	8 23	2 53	.....	5 35	.....	
Gaines Jct.	8 36	3 06	.....	.....	.....	
Westfield	9 13	3 43	.....	.....	.....	
Knoxville	9 26	3 56	.....	.....	.....	
Osceola	9 36	4 06	.....	.....	.....	
Elkland	9 41	4 11	.....	.....	.....	
Ar. Addison	10 13	4 43	.....	.....	.....	
	A. M.	P. M.	.....	.....	.....	

READ UP.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	.....	P. M.
ar. K't'ng Smt	8 45	7 10	.....	12 25	.....	.....
Austin	8 00	6 43	.....	11 58	.....	8 45
Costello	.....	6 34	.....	11 49	.....	8 36
Wharton	.....	6 24	8 04	11 39	.....	8 24
Cross Fork Jct.	.....	5 49	7 25	10 58	.....	7 40
Corbett	.....	5 15	6 44	10 34	.....	7 15
Germania,	.....	5 07	6 31	10 26	.....	7 07
dp. Galeton	P. M.	5 00	6 23	.....	.....	.....
ar. "	7 00	.....	1 00	10 20	.....	7 00
Gaines,	6 47	.....	12 47	10 00	.....	6 47
Westfield,	6 11	.....	12 11	8 16	.....	6 11
Knoxville	5 55	.....	11 55	8 00	.....	5 55
Osceola,	5 46	.....	11 46	7 51	.....	5 46
Elkland,	5 41	.....	11 41	7 46	.....	5 41
Lv Addison,	5 10	.....	11 10	7 15	.....	5 10
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	.....	P. M.

Read down.				Read up.		
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	.....
	9 21	7 00	lv..Ansonia..ar	9 40	8 20	.....
	9 11		..Manhatten..	9 54	8 35	.....
	9 07		South Gaines,	9 57	8 39	.....
P. M.	8 59	6 37	..Gaines Junc..	9 59	8 42	.....
.....	8 45	6 25	ar { Galeton } lv		8 55	.....
	6 30	1 05	lv { Galeton } ar	10 10	4 45	.....
.....	6 47	1 24	....Walton.....	9 51	4 39	.....
.....	7 13	1 50	..Newfield Jct..	9 27	4 15	.....
.....	7 30	2 06	West Bingham,.	9 09	3 58	.....
.....	7 41	2 18	.... Genesee....	8 58	3 48	.....
.....	7 46	2 24	.... Shongo	8 53	3 43	.....
.....	8 06	2 46	dp Wellsville ar	8 30	3 20	.....

STATIONS.

P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	ar dp	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
3 05	2 00	7 15	Cross F'k Junc.	11 00	6 35	3 00
3 55	1 00	6 25	ar Cross Fork dp	11 50	5 45	2 10

P. M.	P. M.			A. M.	A. M
8 58	1 00		Lv Sinnamahoning, Ar	1 40	10 5
8 15	1 40	ar	..... Wharton lv	3 00	9 55

All trains run daily except Sunday.
Sundays only.

CONNECTIONS.

At Keating Summit with P. R. R. Buf. Div. for all points north and south.

At Anscnia with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. for all points north and south.

At Newfield Junction with C. & P. A. R. R. west for Coudersport, east for Ulysses.

At Genesee for points on the New York & Pennsylvania R. R.

At Addison with Erie R. R., for points east and west.

At Wellsville with Erie R. R. for points east and west.

At Sinnamahoning with P. R. R.—P. & E. Div.

H. H. GARDINER, Gen'l Pass'r Agt. Buffalo, N. Y
W. C. PARK, Gen'l Supt. Galeton, Pa.
M. J. McMAHON, Div. Pass Ag't., Galeton, Pa.

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. McNARNEY
JOHNSON & McNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

THOMAS WADDINGTON,
Emporium, Pa.,
CONTRACTOR FOR MASONRY AND STONE-CUTTING.
All orders in my line promptly executed. All kinds of building and cut-stone, supplied at low prices. Agent for marble or granite monuments, Lettering neatly done.

AMERICAN HOUSE
East Emporium, Pa.
JOHN L. JOHNSON, Prop'r.
Having resumed proprietorship of this old and well established House I invite the patronage of the public. House newly furnished and thoroughly renovated. 48ly

The Forester and the Lumberman

By GIFFORD PINCHOT,
Forester, United States Department of Agriculture.

THE old idea that the forester was the enemy of the lumberman, and, above all, the enemy of cutting timber, disappeared long ago from the minds of foresters, or rather friends of forestry—for no true forester ever held it—and is rapidly disappearing from the minds of lumbermen. And that is perhaps the happiest aspect of the whole situation, for the perpetuation alike of the industry and of forestry depends upon their attitude toward this single question: Do they or do they not intend to get a second crop?

I am very far from wanting to discuss the supplies of standing timber or the prospect of a timber famine—questions with which the lumbermen are more familiar than I am; but it is perfectly obvious that the supplies of certain kinds of timber are rapidly disappearing, that the lumber trade is falling back year by year on poorer material and longer hauls, and that the question of its continuance is already demanding an answer.

This is purely a business proposition, to be considered, accepted, or rejected on a business basis. Forestry deals with the forest in some ways with which the lumbermen have but an indirect interest. I am not talking now about the effect of forests on the flow of streams, on winds, or on the general prosperity—matters of vital importance in their places; but the question I want to bring is simply this: Is it worth the lumbermen's while, from a commercial point of view, to consider the forest as a part of their plant, and from that point of view should they cut off their timber and let the land go back for taxes?

The bureau of forestry offers certain assistance to lumbermen in preparing the basis upon which such questions can be most intelligently decided. What it does is simply to put a certain amount of trained skill at their command. They pay the expense and we prepare for them the necessary figures. The way we do it is to send a man to the spot who finds out what there is on the ground, with special reference to the smaller sizes—how fast each diameter class of trees grows, how much will be left of certain sizes after cutting out others, and how much will be standing to the acre after a definite number of years. We put the thing purely and entirely on a business basis.

These methods of forestry are not at present as fully applicable everywhere in the United States as they will be later on, and it is as far from me as possible to want to urge any man to adopt the methods of forestry unless they are going to pay. The arrangement we make with timber owners is never that they shall be compelled to apply the plans we submit, but always that they shall apply them or not as they find it wisest to do. I would be exceedingly sorry if any man should take up a proposition in forestry and apply it if he was not confident it would turn out well, because this is not a question of a few days or merely for present conditions.

There has been too long a feeling that the foresters were trying to force the lumbermen to do something or other against the lumbermen's will. I think it is time for the lumbermen to give the bureau of forestry a chance to do some things which they would like to have it do.

Cruelty an Indian Characteristic

By GEN. ANDREW A. BURT, U. S. A.

ALL that the United States authorities and the various societies of the country have done and are doing toward the civilization of the redmen of the plains cannot and does not take from the Indian that cruelty in his composition.

The cruelty of the Indian is inexplicable except on the hypothesis that cruelty is a normal trait of humanity. Wild beasts are not cruel; for, although the wolf may tear and devour the entrails of a deer while the animal is yet alive, he does it from greediness alone. The members of the cat family play with and torment their victims, but they undoubtedly do this as practice in catching. Besides, if we are to believe the men who have been in the jaws of these animals, nature has kindly compensated this exceptional apparent cruelty by inflicting on the victims of the feline race a nervous paralysis which not only deprives them of any sense of pain but pervents a realization of the horror of their position.

The cruelty of the Indian is inborn and inbred, and it clings to him through life as a distinguishing characteristic of his humanity. As a boy his special delight is the torture of every bird or animal he can get hold of alive. As a man the torture of a human being gives him more pleasure than any other act of his life, and at no time is his laughter so joyous and heartfelt as when some special ingenuity wrings a groan or cry of anguish.

Shortening the College Course

By PRESIDENT ELIOT,
of Harvard University.

THE question of a three instead of a four-year course for the degree of A. B. has arisen. If such degree in arts or science is to be required for admission to university professional schools, the road to such degree should be as smooth and broad as possible. It is the intent of society and the interest of the individual that young men should be enabled to enter, well-trained, upon the practice of a profession by the time they are 25 years old, and it follows, therefore, that the period of training preliminary or preparatory to professional training should come to its end by the time the young men are 21 years old.

The principle on which the Harvard faculty has acted is this: They propose, in reducing the time required for the A. B. degree to three years, to make no reduction whatever in the amount of work required for the A. B. degree. In other words, they propose that the degree of A. B., taken in three years, shall represent the same amount of attainment or power acquired, which the A. B. taken in four years has heretofore represented.

While this change was going on in Harvard college, the university took the important step of requiring the A. B. for admission to its three oldest professional schools, first in the divinity school, then in the law school, and lastly in the medical school. It had already stablished the graduate school in arts and sciences, for admission to which a preliminary degree was, of course, required. It is unnecessary to point out that this action gives the strongest possible support to the A. B. If taken by the universities of the country at large it would settle at once in the affirmative the question of the continued existence of the American college.

THE AMBULANCE CAR

Useful New Feature in German Railway Equipment.

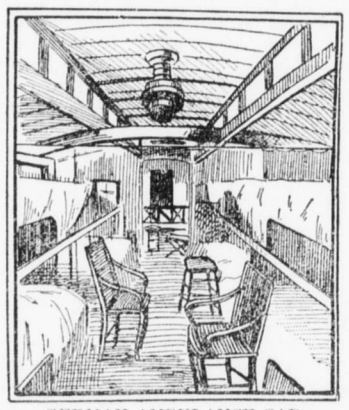
Wrecks Along Any Part of Government Lines Can Be Reached in 45 Minutes—Relief Trains at 77 Stations.

There may be more luxurious and faster trains in the United States, but Germany leads the American railways in one particular—a perfect ambulance system, by which quick relief can be afforded to the injured in disasters on the rail.

In a report submitted by the minister of public works it is shown that the organization of the ambulance service, established upon the recommendation of Emperor William on all German governmental railroad lines, has been completed. Relief trains are now in instant readiness at 77 stations, so situated that any place where a serious accident may occur can be reached by an ambulance train within 45 minutes. They possess the highest speed possible and have the right of way along every line.

The trains consist of a physician's car a wrecking car of the type that has been in use for many years, and coaches for the transportation of assistants and the accommodation of the wounded. The physicians' cars have only two axles and double doors at the front sides. They are equipped with a Westinghouse brake, steamheating apparatus and two gasometers, so that enough light may be secured and the car heated by gas, in case the engine is detached from the car. To facilitate the receiving of the stretchers the platform railings are hinged and a sort of stepladder is added.

The interior of the car is divided into a small compartment for the use of the physician and a larger one for the reception of the patients. The latter room can be divided by a curtain, so that male and female patients can be accommodated at the same time. There are large windows and a skylight of wireglass in the physician's room, an operating table, an apparatus for the heating of water, a closet for bandages and instruments, a refrigerator and a large assortment of surgical instruments.



GERMAN AMBULANCE CAR.
(Interior View, Showing Arrangement of Cots and Chairs.)

The folding and adjustable operating table has detachable cushions, and both table and cushion are covered with waterproof leather cloth. The water heater, a few seconds after the gas is lighted, furnishes a continuous stream of warm water. Distilled water is in the water box of the heater, in several cans and a special barrel containing 20 gallons.

In the patients' room there are two lower and two upper beds on every side, each bed consisting of a stretcher with a mattress and head rest, two woolen quilts with linen covers and linen sheets. In order to allow the patient to raise himself, braided straps hang on the walls and from the ceiling of the car. In addition to the beds two chairs are in the car for those whose injuries are slight, so that at least ten patients can be accommodated in the physicians' car. The stretchers are made from maplewood, strengthened with handirons, turned at the ends into handles, so that they may also serve for putting the stretcher upon the frames in the car. The frames are arranged with springs and rolls, so that the wounded will not even have to suffer by the vibration of the cars.

The physicians, officers and assistants of the ambulance trains must be ready for work at a moment's notice and it is the duty of a special officer to see that the cars and their equipments are always ready for use.

When an accident occurs the conductor of a train or another train man sends word to the nearest flagman, in whose booth there is a telephone. Arrows painted upon telegraph poles along the line indicate the location of the booths, which are marked with a T (telegraph), from where the message may be sent to the next station. As soon as the character of the accident has been learned the physicians and assistants are called, fresh water secured and refreshments taken aboard for patients as well as for the crew. Warm clothing is taken along also. In the meantime the time table has been fixed so that the line is clear for the relief train, and if the accident is of a more serious character two or more are ordered from the next station. The arrangements are so perfect that the ambulances succeed in getting away in a short time.

Diphtheria Germs Live Long.

That diphtheria may live in packed clothing almost indefinitely is shown by an incident which occurred in an Ohio village. A child died of diphtheria and its mother packed its dresses and toys in a chest. The mother died 15 years afterward, and her daughter and granddaughter, who opened and handled the contents of the chest, were duly taken ill of diphtheria, although there had recently been no cases in the village.

BEER BOTTLE HOUSE.

Unique Residence Built by a Resourceful Miner in a Treeless Nevada Town.

Tonopah, Nev., aside from being famed on account of its vast mineral resources, also occupies the unique distinction of numbering among its inhabitants a man who is able to live in a glass house and throw unlimited quantities of stones at the same time without suffering any of the serious inconveniences popularly supposed to surround such an association.

Not a tree grows within 60 miles of the great mining camp, and very naturally building material and fuel bring all sorts of fancy prices, the commonest kind of lumber selling for $65 per thousand feet, while inferior grades of scrub cedar command $22 a cord. Consequent upon this condition, various subterfuges

THE BEER BOTTLE HOUSE.
(Architectural Freak Erected by an Ingenious Nevada Man.)

are resorted to in the architectural makeup of Tonopah. There are houses made of straw, of burlap sacks trimmed with blue jean overalls, of tin from five-gallon oil cans; of dry goods and cracker box lumber; of mud, stones, tents, cloth—in fact, almost every sort of contrivance is resorted to as a makeshift for a place of habitation; but it has remained for William F. Peck, a miner, to devise a house in a class by itself.

He has constructed of empty beer bottles a house 16 by 20 feet in the clear, with ceilings eight feet high, and containing two rooms. It was built in October of last year by Mr. Peck entirely unaided, at such odd moments as he could spare from his regular duties at the mine. Water was then selling at $1.50 a barrel, hence the principal element of expense centered in the supply of mud that was employed as a mortar between the bottles comprising the edifice.

Ten thousand empty beer bottles were incorporated in the structure. The inside walls are plastered with mortar which is spread to a depth sufficient to cover the protruding bottle necks, thus making a smooth surface.

Mr. Peck lived all last winter in his peculiar abode with his wife and two children, a girl of seven and a boy of three years, and says that while the water in many residences of Tonopah reached the freezing point quite often, his family found their glass house exceedingly comfortable at all times. He has sufficient bottles on hand for another room, and it is his intention to utilize them at his leisure in building an addition to his premises.

Mr. Peck removed with his family from Prescott, Ariz., to Tonopah, last winter, and it is quite evident he will get along all right wherever his lot may be cast.

BISHOP SCHWEBACH.

Head of La Crosse (Wis.) Diocese Will Probably Be Chosen Archbishop of Milwaukee.

Bishop Schwebach of La Crosse, who on the death of Archbishop Katzer and by the will of that prelate, becomes the trustee of all the property of the archdiocese of Milwaukee, is one of the most learned and the most prominent of the bishops in the American hierarchy of

BISHOP SCHWEBACH.
(Wisconsin Prelate Who May Be Made Archbishop of Milwaukee.)

the Roman Catholic church. He is a native of the duchy of Luxemburg, 56 years old and a graduate of the seminary of St. Francis. He was ordained a deacon by the late Archbishop Heiss, and under Bishop Flasch was for several years the vicar general of the diocese. Bishop Schwebach is quite well known and greatly liked by the Protestant denominations in that part of the state. The probability of his being chosen as the successor of Archbishop Katzer is a matter of self-congratulation for the people of the diocese.

Understands His Business.

A photographer in Berlin has won the title of "darling" from the middle-aged ladies of that city. When taking a picture of a lady of advanced age, he places thin sheets of celluloid between the negative and the printing paper, thus producing a very softening effect, which hides the ravages of time.

KIDNEY COMFORT.

Summer is a good time to treat Chronic Kidney, Bladder, and Urinary troubles with Doan's Kidney Pills; they conquer the most stubborn cases.

Aching backs are eased, flip, back, and loin pains overcome. Swelling of the limbs and dropsy signs vanish.

They correct urine with brick dust sediment, high colored, pain in passing, dribbling, frequency, bed wetting. Doan's Kidney Pills remove calculi and gravel. Relieve heart palpitation, sleeplessness, headache, nervousness, dizziness.

Mrs. James Beck of 314 West Whitesboro Street, Rome, N. Y., says: "I was troubled with my kidneys for eight or nine years; had much pain in my back; at time went on I could hardly endure it; I could not stand except for a few moments at a time; I grew weak and exhausted; I could not even do light housework; I could not stoop or bend; my head ached severely; I was in pain from my head down to my heels; centering in the kidneys it was a heavy, steady, sickening ache; I could not rest nights, and got up mornings weak and tired. I thought I was about done for, when I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised. Within a week after commencing their use I began to improve, and from that time on rapidly grew better. I used five boxes in all and was cured."

NAME .....
P. O. .....
STATE .....

For free trial box, mail this coupon to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. If above space is insufficient, write address on separate slip.

The Best Tonic

All About a Non-Alcoholic Summer Tonic Food That Will Brace You Up and Vitalize Your Flagging Energies

OZOMULSION BY MAIL FREE

Alcoholic tonics, pick-me-ups, and bitters, may **seem** to do you good—but **do** they?

Is their effect **lasting?**

Science says: No.

They **stimulate,** intoxicate, but **not** strengthen.

The only tonic that tones is OZOMULSION

It is composed of concentrated vitality. It puts it into your blood.

Two and two make four.

Food strength **added** to what strength you already possess, must make you **stronger** than you were.

Therefore, Ozomulsion is a **true** tonic.

It strengthens—not stimulates.

Ozomulsion is the best tonic. It contains (in addition to its reconstructive ingredient cod-liver-oil), a liberal proportion of the Glycerinated Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, the most wonderful regenerating and revitalizing salts of life that scientific medical research has ever discovered.

Nothing like Ozomulsion has ever before been prepared as a vitalizing tonic food for the run down system.

It does away with the need of medicine.

It feeds the invalid back to health.

Weak, run down, exhausted, pallid, thin, nervous, physical and consumptive wrecks, can be built up by the use of Ozomulsion.

Ozomulsion will take any sick, feeble man, woman or child, and by gentle and pleasant ways lead them into the sunny paths of health.

What a contrast to the oldfashioned, unpleasant, dangerous medical druggery.

Drugs Won't Do.

Pin your faith on Ozomulsion Food and Spring and Summer Tonic.

It will not disappoint you.

It Cures Consumption.

Sold only in large bottles, Weighing Over Two Pounds.

TRY IT FREE!

Free sample will be sent to everyone who will send their complete address (by Postal Card or Letter) to

OZOMULSION FOOD CO
98 Pine Street, New York

FREE! TO WOMEN
A Large Trial Package of

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

A NEW SPECIALTY FOR WOMEN.

Internal cleanliness is the key to woman's health and vigor. Inflammation, Soreness, Pelvic Catarrh cannot exist with it.

Paxtine used as a vaginal douche is a revelation in combined cleansing and healing power. It kills all disease germs. In local treatment of female ills it is invaluable. Heals Inflammation and cures all discharges. Never fails to cure Nasal Catarrh. Cures offensive perspiration of arm pits and feet. Cures Sore Throat, Sore Mouth and Sore Eyes. **As a tooth powder nothing equals it.** Removes Tartar, Hardens the Gums and whitens the teeth, makes a bad breath sweet and agreeable. **Thousands of letters from women prove that it is the greatest cure for Leucorrhœa ever discovered. We have yet to hear of the first case it failed to cure.**

To prove all this we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions **absolutely free.** This is not a tiny sample, but enough to convince anyone.

At druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cts. large box. Satisfaction guaranteed. The R. Paxton Co., Dept. 26 Boston, Mass.

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it to-day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 295, Le Roy, N. Y.

I PAY SPOT CASH FOR MILITARY BOUNTY **LAND WARRANTS** issued to soldiers of any war. Write me at once. FRANK H. REGER, Barth Block, Denver, Colo.

Ohio Women Buy AT WHOLESALE!

ALL WOOL BLACK DRESS GOODS 70 CENTS A YARD.
(Direct from mill to wearer.)

I Understand we are not mere Retail Dealers, but actually sell direct from Mill to Customer, at lowest wholesale prices.

The Notacot Worsted Mill manufactures the Finest Worsted Goods in the Land for the Finest Women in the Land.

Each season we develope the most stylish and serviceable weaves, making a specialty of these goods only, and by thus concentrating our efforts we manufacture at a lower cost and do sell at a lower price than other mills which scatter their efforts over hundreds of styles.

You will save $2.00 and more on each gown. We sell the $1.00 Dress Goods at 70 Cents, and other grades proportionately low.

These goods cannot be purchased at the Retail Stores.

Your dress will be different from your neighbors.

No one will have a more stylish gown.

No mill makes a more serviceable cloth.

Guaranteed All Wool and Fast Black.

Not an inch of Cotton comes into our mill and not a yard of mixed or of shoddy cloths goes out.

We guarantee satisfaction or money refunded.

All mistakes cheerfully rectified.

All goods delivered, express paid by us.

Write for samples of the latest goods, and if you send 6 cents in stamps, you will receive a Case of 40 Assorted size Extra Quality Needles, really worth 20 Cents.

Notacot Worsted Company,
Ashtabula, Ohio.

PILES ANAKESIS gives instant relief and POSITIVELY CURES PILES. For free sample address "ANAKESIS," Prince building, New York

Live Stock and Miscellaneous **ELECTROTYPES** in great variety for sale at the lowest prices by A. N. Kellogg Newspaper Co., 71 Ontario St., Cleveland.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

We Have What You Need!

To brush up and make beautiful your home. The season of the year for such work has arrived and we would call the attention of the public to our very large and reliable line of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, the best in the world. In addition to the best paints, we have a first-class line of De Voe & Co.'s Brushes. Get a move on and be prepared to paint before the workmen are all engaged. We can save you money.

While you are painting your home or business place let us talk a little with you on Bath and Closets, Hot Water, Steam or anything in that line. Our increased facilities and expert workmen will do you good work. Don't deay until too late.

Farmers should bear in mind that we handle Plows, Harrows, Rakes, etc. In fact our Hardware, Stove and Plumbing Departments are up to the best.

Write or wire us, when a competent agent will call on you.

Murry & Coppersmith Co.

Artistic Painting

—AND—

PAPER HANGING!

Will receive prompt attention and all work intrusted to me will be guaranteed satisfactory. I am prepared to furnish my customers with both Paints and Wall Papers, and save you big money. Estimates cheerfully given on contract work. Apply to

F. H. PEARSALL.

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Bargains

THIS WEEK.

Call and see what they are.

When you want

GRAPES,
CELERY,
PEARS,
SPANISH
ONIONS,

Our Meats

are always fresh and the best grade obtainable.

GOODS DELIVERED PROMPTLY.

Geo. H. Gross.

C. B. Howard & Co.

McCALL PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢ NONE HIGHER

We have had large sales in our SUMMER DRESS GOODS, but the best pieces are not all sold. We still have a large assortment left at very reasonable prices, and are constantly adding new pieces.

McCALL PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢

While in our store do not forget to look on our marked down counter. A few of the bargains are, Ladies and Children's Shoes, Ladies Belts, Ladies Fancy Hose, etc. Beat wearing quality at less than cost.

50¢ A YEAR McCALL'S MAGAZINE

We are agents for the famous McCall Patterns, 10c and 15c. None higher.

McCALL PATTERNS 10¢ AND 15¢ NONE HIGHER

McCALL'S MAGAZINE 50¢ A YEAR INCLUDING A FREE PATTERN

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"STORE ON THE RIALTO."

Pudding at Beginning of Dinner.

The custom of serving pudding as the first course at dinner seems to have interested a good many people of our day. A gentleman from Maine informs the writer that it is still the custom in certain sections of his state. In the autobiography of the Adams family it is mentioned that at a dinner given by the venerable ex-president of the United States, at which his grandchildren were present, the first course was Indian pudding, and the little folks were told that the more pudding they ate the more beef they could have. So of course they gorged themselves on the pudding, and as a consequence they had no appetite for beef when it was served. Thus were maintained the simple and economical methods of the forefathers. The boys who came to the city from the country and later became the successful and wealthy merchants of Boston were raised in a most frugal manner. Their breakfast the year round was of brown bread and milk and the same for their supper. The dinner was of baked beans and pie, rarely any meat.—Boston Transcript.

A Picturesque Statesman.

The El Dorado Republican gives a picture of an early statesman and his picturesque attire: When the Hon. David L. McCabe was elected to the legislature from Butler county in 1865 and went to Topeka to be sworn in he astonished not only the natives, but everybody else, as he was the most gorgeously dressed statesman that Kansas had ever produced. He was very dark, with long black hair. On his head was a coonskin cap, the tail of the coonskin hanging gracefully down his back. His coat was made of wolfskins nicely tanned and lined with red flannel. Six handsome tails hung from his coat tails and flapped in the breeze as he meandered up to the speaker's desk to take the oath. He wore a spotted doeskin vest, buckskin knee breeches, handsomely fringed; top boots, gloves made of beaver skin, a watch chain done in beadwork, a flannel shirt with a flaming red bandanna pocket handkerchief around his neck, and it is needless to say he created a sensation.

Inappropriate Quotations.

The following is a good example of inappropriate quotations: A clergyman appointed to an East End living found his parish church sadly in need of repair and gave orders for its renovation. While this was in hand the idea occurred to him to visit the mission halls in connection with it to see what might be needed there. In one of them which was used as a mission chapel he found a state of indescribable filth from end to end and an accompanying effluvia. In disgust he raised his eyes toward the roof and could hardly repress a fit of laughter on reading the text stenciled on the wall behind the pulpit, "How dreadful is this place!" Another story is of an old Presbyterian clergyman who, away on a preaching engagement, found above the bed on which he was to sleep the singular advice, "Occupy till I come."—London Chronicle.

Luck and Labor.

If the boy who exclaims "Just my luck!" were truthful he would say "Just my laziness!" or "Just my inattention!"

Luck is waiting for something to turn up.

Labor, with keen eyes and strong will, will turn up something.

Luck lies in bed and wishes the postman would bring him news of a legacy.

Labor turns out at 6 o'clock and with a busy pen or ringing hammer lays the foundation of a competence.

Luck whines; labor whistles.

Luck relies on chances, labor on character.

Luck slips down to indigence; labor strides upward to independence.—Christian Advocate.

A Puzzle Fable.

An American heiress was wooed by a foreign prince, who urgently besought her to become his wife. In order to test the sincerity of his love she asked, "Will you still marry me if I give away all my money for charity and become as poor as yourself?"

The prince considered awhile, and then responded, "Yes, provided you will still marry me if I renounce my title and become a plain republican person like yourself."

Query.—Did she agree to his proposition?—Smart Set.

He Worked On.

Wife—George, this burning of the candle at both ends means an untimely grave. It is nearly 12 o'clock. Come to bed.

George—But I'm doing this night work in order to find money enough to buy you a birthday present.

Wife—Well, if you will persist in working of course I can't stop it. Good night, dear.

Drinks and Drops.

"Jenkins must be a pretty straight fellow. Dobbins tells me he never drinks a drop."

"So? You probably misunderstood Dobbins. What he said must have been that Jenkins never drops a drink."—Baltimore News.

Sure Remedy Not Available.

Rev. Pastor—Mrs. Wakely tells me they have a great deal of trouble in getting their baby to sleep.

Mrs. Temple—I suppose it is too young to take to church.—Stray Stories.

Rivals.

Percy—My papa owns a newspaper.

Jimmie—Dat's nuthin'. I buy and sell sixty of 'em every day!—New York Times.

Did universal charity prevail earth would be a heaven and hell a fable.—Cotton.

Our Clothing

Is selected with the greatest care, being made of good material—material that will give good service and at prices that are within reach of all.

OUR BOYS' CLOTHING

Is made for boys and it looks as if it was made for boys—not father's cut down.

R. SEGER & SON.

There may be

False economy in buying Clothing advertised as cheap. Better buy of a dealer who has a reputation to maintain. We are offering some up to date goods in

GENTS' FURNISHINGS

and if you would like something handsome in this line, call and see our goods.

R. SEGER & SON.

The Customs o' the Country.

There was once a Newfoundland fisherman—he chanced to be a Catholic—who in old age came to die. He had lived in debt all his life and, no doubt, had never once given his whole catch to the dealer who supplied him, but had wrongfully slipped many a quintal over the side of a rival schooner and traded it out on the spot.

"Send for Fawther Rafferty," he said. "Send immediate!"

He wanted to confess his sins, to be shriven and to depart in peace, but his old priest had been transferred to Trinity Bay. A young man, just back from Rome, was now the spiritual head of the parish.

"Sure, 'tis Fawther Codlin," they told him.

"Noa, noa!" the old man protested. "Fawther Codlin's a fine young man—a clever young man, I doubt me not, but 'tis old Fawther Rafferty I wants t' hear me confession."

"An' why?" they asked.

"Sure," the dying man gasped, "he knows the customs o' the country."—Norman Duncan in World's Work.

Ancient Table Manners.

A description of a dinner given in 1350 shows that there has been a vast improvement in table manners since then. As a rule, one knife had to serve for two people, and often a bowl of soup was used by two persons. For this reason the party giving the dinner arranged his guests in couples, trying to place people together who would be congenial and not adverse to this common use of table appointments.

Spoons were seldom supplied to the guests, and the soup was drunk directly from the bowl, the latter usually having side handles by which it was held. In less refined company there were no separate soup bowls, only one large porringer, which was passed around to the guests in turn. The diners helped themselves to the pieces of meat they desired from the common dish with their fingers.

Napkins were considered a luxury, and were only provided in very aristocratic and wealthy families.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Sponge Growing.

Sponges are cultivated in West Indian waters and the Mediterranean. In its natural state the bath or toilet sponge is fleshy and covered with a black skin. To obtain the light colored, horny and elastic skeleton, sponges are left in shallow sea water for several days in a staked inclosure until the rotten animal matter can be beaten out. For artificial cultivation a living sponge is cut into small blocks, about a cubic inch in size, with a portion of the outer skin on each. These, fixed to a frame of weighted trellis-work, are sunk into a few fathoms of clear water, where they flourish best on a bottom of green seaweed free from mud. In about seven years the cuttings grow into sponges of marketable size.

A Caustic Retort.

An Englishman of somewhat questionable reputation, who was criticising the American way of spelling, once turned to Maurice Barrymore, the actor, and said: "I'll leave it to Mr. Barrymore. Is it right to leave out the 'u' in such words as harbor, neighbor, honor, candor, etc?" "Well, about harbor and neighbor I am not sure," replied Barrymore, "but when it comes to honor and candor I leave you out."

Nutritious Value of Oysters.

The popular belief that the oyster is a most nutritious article of diet does not rest upon any scientific basis. The oyster as a food could not satisfy the demands of the human body. While the oyster, when not stewed, is very palatable, wholesome and easily assimilated by weak, impaired stomachs, it cannot be contended for a moment that it contains such elements and nutrition as may be found in beans, rice or potatoes. There is very little, if any, fatmaking or muscle building material in the oyster. Its composition is largely nitrogenous, and, being rich in phosphates, it is generally regarded as an excellent food for the brain, but a man reduced to an exclusive diet of oysters would soon find himself deficient in adipose tissue and in those elements that go to make up physical force and vitality in the human body.

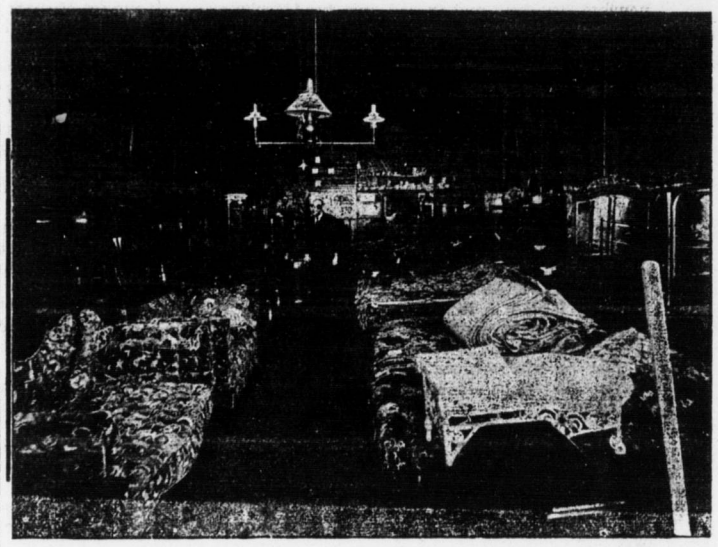
The Safe Side.

"You'll be sorry some day that you didn't get married if you don't."

"Well, I'd rather not be married and be sorry I wasn't than to be married and be sorry I was."—San Francisco Wasp.

He who brings ridicule to bear against truth finds in his hand a blade without a hilt.—Landor.

This is the House,



At which to purchase your

Furniture

of all kinds at the very lowest prices.

CARPETS, all new and up-to-date. The largest line you ever saw in town.

RUGS, both large and small. Carpet samples for rugs—all grades.

LACE CURTAINS, a large line, from the cheapest to the best.

WINDOW SHADES, all kinds.

GO-CARTS, until the babies cannot rest without one.

No trouble to show goods. Glad to have you call, whether you purchase or not.

Yours respectfully,

GEO. J. LaBAR.

PEARL WHITE

Massage Cream

CLEARS AWAY BLACK HEADS

AND MAKES BEAUTIFUL SKIN.

IT IS SOLD AT - - - -

Rockwell's

DRUG STORE,

25c A BOTTLE.

Swell Clothes

Are the delight of all well dressed people and a large majority of the well-dressed gentlemen in Emporium, have their clothes made by the old reliable tailors :-: :-: :-:

R. Seger & Co.

The reason why so many wear clothes of our make, is because we have an established reputation for good fits and fair dealing.

R. SEGER & CO.

Madam French Female Pills. Dean's

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.

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The Ways of Boston.

The crooked streets of Boston are said to follow the old paths along which the early settlers of the place drove their cows to and from their pasture on the common. However true this may be, it is certain that many of the main streets of the old city proper mark geographic features, formerly of importance, but now almost entirely forgotten. Atlantic avenue follows closely the original shore line; Washington street preserves in its curves the old road along the narrow neck of land which was the only connection for a long time between the mainland and Boston peninsula, with its three hills, which gave the name Tremont; Causeway street represents the dam to the earliest tidal mill pond, and Beacon street, the "mill dam," was built later to hold back the waters of Back bay at high tide to be used for power at low tide; the curve of Park square gives the shore line of this Back bay, where the fathers and grandfathers of the present generation used to put on their skates to glide over the area now occupied by Trinity church and the Public library.—F. P. Gulliver in Journal of Geography.

Living, Yet Dead.

In a German law journal may be found a curious account of a woman who, though actually living, is legally dead. Some years ago she disappeared from her home, and after three years had elapsed the court formally pronounced her dead and turned over her property to her next of kin. Soon afterward she returned to her native place, and as there was no question as to her identity she naturally thought that she would have no difficulty in recovering her property. The court, however, flatly refused to comply with her request.

"You have been declared dead," it virtually said, "and it is impossible for us to regard you as living."

Thereupon the woman appealed to a higher court, but her labor was in vain, for the verdict of the lower court was upheld, and, moreover, an official notice was issued to the effect that the plaintiff, having formally been declared dead, could not now be restored to life, as the law understands that word, and must remain dead until doomsday.

The Russian Bride.

A Russian bride has a very much more trying time on her wedding day than has her American sister, for she must fast until after the ceremony is over and that after enduring the trials of a "farewell party" the day before. As the wedding, to be fashionable, must not take place till the evening, it is easy to imagine in what an exhausted state the bride often enters on her new life. Besides bridesmaids there are also bridesmen, who have to provide the bridesmaids with sweetmeats. The number of bridesmaids is unlimited, and they are not dressed alike. Following the bridal procession is carried a picture in gold and silver of Christ, which is stationed against the altar. The bride's old nurse is intrusted with the removal of the bride's dowry from her father's house to that of her future husband.

A Million For Advice.

Sometimes repressing a client pays a lawyer well. There is a persistent story, which probably will never be printed as to names and details, that a famous trust magnate paid a lawyer a million dollars in cash for simply saying to him: "Don't fight. If you insist on fighting I will take your case. But if you fight remember all your books will be opened and all your methods disclosed." The bewildering munificence of that instant fee of a million was a record for wise philanthropy which showed the genius of the philanthropist. Never was a fee better earned if the tale is true.—Everybody's Magazine.

A Cautious Answer.

A writer on New England and New England people some years ago said that the caution of the New Englander in giving an answer to a direct question was illustrated to him one day when he asked an eastern friend whose family were not noted for very active habits, "Was not your father's death very sudden?"

Slowly drawing one hand from his pocket and pulling down his beard the interrogated cautiously replied, "Waal, rather sudden for him."

Heroic Measures.

"I'm after a servant girl," said Hauskeep; "one with a good, big appetite preferred."

"That's rather an unusual request," began the employment agent.

"Well, I've got to put a stop to this business of having things warmed over the next day."—Philadelphia Press.

The Lamp of a Man's Life.

Dr. Holmes said the lamp of a man's life has three wicks—brain, blood and breath—and to turn down any one of them makes the other two go out. The wounds a man will survive and even disregard so long as his head, heart and lungs are unhurt have long been one of the wonders of war history.

Heartstrings Particularly.

Whatever music there may be in the instrument called man cannot be brought out fully and entirely until a woman takes it in charge and plays upon the strings of it.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Unfortunately the Only Way.

"Of course you wouldn't marry a title?"

"Not if there was any other way of getting one," answered the severely practical girl.—Chicago Post.

Modern Version.

Rich Heiress—Are you sure you love me?

Hard Up—Love you? Why, I worship the very ground you inherit.

Delhi, the Gem Market.

Delhi remains the center of all Indian art industries. The most skillful jewelers and gem cutters, painters, carvers, embroiderers and craftsmen whose creations could tempt the purse or minister to the luxury of the greater and lesser Moguls have gathered there for centuries, and trade habits are but slowly broken. Along Chandni Chauk plump merchants in snow white clothes and tiny jewelers' turbans invite one to their whitewashed, felt floored inner rooms, and there, treading catlike in stockinged feet, they unroll gold and silver embroideries, Kashmir shawls and "camel's hair" stuffs and cover the last inches of floor space with jewels.

Necklaces, girdles and a queen's ornaments are drawn from battered boxes, scraps of paper, cotton cloth or old flannel. Nothing seems quite as incongruous in this land of the misfit and the incongruous as the way in which the jewels of a rajah are produced from old biscuit tins, pickle bottles and marmalade jars. One buys the gems of a temple goddess, and they are laid in grimy cotton wool and packed in rusty little tin boxes of a crudity inconceivable.—From Eliza Ruhamah Scidmore's "Winter India."

Superstition of the Unlucky Thirteen

When King Arthur founded the famous round table he requested Merlin, the enchanter, to arrange the seats. Merlin arranged one set of seats to represent the apostles. Twelve were for the faithful adherents of Jesus Christ and the thirteenth for the traitor Judas. The first were never occupied save by knights distinguished for their achievements, and when a death occurred among them the seat remained vacant until a knight surpassing him in heroic and warlike attainments should be considered worthy to fill the place. If an unworthy knight sought the chair he was repelled by some magic power.

The thirteenth seat was never occupied but once. The story goes that a haughty and insolent Saracen knight sat down upon it and was immediately swallowed up by the earth. Ever after it was known as the "perilous seat," and, brave as the celebrated knights of the round table are said to have been, not one ever had the courage to sit on the thirteenth chair, and the superstition against it still survives.

Watch a Horse's Ears When Driving

Whether you drive a single horse or a team the principles are the same, but in driving a pair see to it that each horse does his share of the work and no more. A pair of horses, moreover, unless well driven are sure to get in the habit of wandering over the road.

To drive well you must keep your eye and your mind on the horse. Watch his ears. They will be pricked forward when he is about to shy, droop when he is tired, fly back just before he "breaks" (into a gallop) and before he kicks. Before kicking, too, a horse usually tucks in his tail and hunches his back a little. When you observe any of these indications, speak to him sharply and pull up his head.

Gypsies and Death.

The custom of placing the property of the dead in their graves has always been followed by the true Romany gypsies. It is due to some old tradition of ill luck attending the possession of an article whose former owner is gone, and much valuable property is buried in this belief. There is also a sentiment among gypsies against the possession of anything that has belonged to a dead person, because it serves to remind the living of the departed and inspire in them a dread of death. The custom of burying their property with gypsy dead dates from the earliest history of the Romany tribes.

First Test of the Air Pump.

The first public test of the air pump was in 1654 by its inventor, Otto von Guericke, in the presence of Emperor Ferdinand of Germany. Guericke applied the carefully ground edges of metallic hemispheres, two feet in diameter, to each other. After exhausting the air by his apparatus he attached fifteen horses to each hemisphere. In vain did they attempt to separate them because of the enormous pressure of the atmosphere. The experiment was a great success.

An Exaggerated Report.

The family doctor had been summoned hastily, and he climbed the tenement stairs with a grave face. A woman was awaiting him in the doorway of a flat.

"I understand little Tommy has swallowed a quarter," he said. "Where is he?"

"Oh, doctor, I'm glad to tell you we've made a mistake," she said blithely. "It wasn't a quarter after all. It was only a nickel."—New York Press.

Boy Soldiers In South America.

In Venezuela, Colombia and other South American countries it is no uncommon thing to see boys of ten or twelve years of age or even younger carrying rifles and marching to battle with the armies which fight in the civil wars of those lands. These boy soldiers are usually of Indian blood, and they fight quite as well as the oldest veteran.

As a Natural Result.

Mrs. Secondtime (peevishly)—My first husband used to let me have my own way in everything.

Mr. S.—And what were the consequences?

Mrs. S.—He died.

No loafer respects a man who works, but a hard working man rather looks up to a man who is smart enough to live in idleness.—Atchison Globe.

Some people are like a river. The only way they can attract attention is by going on a rampage.

The First Post Houses.

The first posts are said to have originated in the regular couriers established by Cyrus about 550 B. C., who erected post houses throughout the kingdom of Persia. Augustus was the first to introduce this institution among the Romans, 31 B. C., and he was imitated by Charlemagne about 800 A. D. Louis XI. was the first sovereign to establish post houses in France owing to his eagerness for news, and they were also the first institution of this nature in Europe. This was in 1470, or about 2,000 years after they were started in Persia.

In England in the reign of Edward IV. (1481) riders on post horses went stages of the distance of twenty miles from each other in order to procure the king the earliest intelligence of the events that passed in the course of the war that had arisen with the Scots. A proclamation was issued by Charles I. in 1631 that, "whereas to this time there hath been no certain intercourse between the kingdoms of England and Scotland, the king now commands his postmaster of England for foreign parts to settle a running post or two between Edinburgh and London to go thither and come back again in six days."

Helter Skelter.

"Helter skelter" has been suggestively defined as a jingling expression, vaguely imitating the hurried clatter of feet rapidly and irregularly moved. Most dictionaries, however, led astray probably by the ordinary orthography, have missed the true etymology of this phrase. It should be "helter kelter."

"Helter" is an old word for "hang," probably connected with halter, and "kelter" is used by old writers in the sense of "order" or the proper state. Thus Barrow, the divine, says, "If the organs of prayer be out of kelter how can we pray?"

"Helter skelter," therefore, is literally "hang order" and means, "Oh, hang order; let us do it, or let it take its chance." Ben Jonson in "Every Man In His Humor" writes, "Helter skelter, hang sorrow, care'll kill a cat," and Shakespeare, using it to express rush and hurry, says, "Helter skelter have I rode to thee."

Understood His Art.

Baron von Steuben was the drillmaster of the Continental army at Valley Forge. At first the men in the ranks did not know the manual exercise; many of the officers knew little or nothing of maneuvering. One of the latter turned out for inspection in a dressing gown. "Himmel und erde!" cried the baron. "What kind of creature is this?" Baron von Steuben was choleric and profane, but he understood his art. He swore at the ragged Continentals in both German and French, but he taught them the value of drill and discipline. When he had exhausted all the French and German oaths he knew he would roar to his aid, "Come here, Herr Hauptmann, and help me curse these blockheads." But he turned the undisciplined militia into well drilled troops. Never again was the enemy able to laugh at "Mr. Washington's rotten regiments of ragamuffins."

Burial by Degrees.

The few old ex-slaves now left in the West Indies have many curious customs, but the most curious is that of burying themselves on the installment plan. When they comb their hair they are careful not to pull more hairs from the head than they can help. Those which come away they roll into a ball and put into a bag of white muslin. They do the same with the parings of their nails and any other portions of their anatomy which become detached. When the bag is full they bury it. If asked why they do this they reply: "When me dead, massa, you bury me body. Me hair am part of me body, so me bury it now when it dead."

A Nickname For Barrett.

Lawrence Barrett, the tragedian, was subject to dyspepsia, and when he was suffering from that disorder he was cold and distant toward his company. One irreverent fellow always refused, however, to be suppressed. He said one day: "Just look at Cassius. He looks as solemn and righteous as if he'd swallowed the sword of justice. Let's call him the Scabbard." And the Scabbard he was—out of his hearing—for the rest of that season.

An Insinuation.

"What I want," said the coy maid of more or less uncertain years, "is a hat that will suit my complexion."

"Oh," exclaimed the milliner, with sudden inspiration. "I have a hand painted hat in the window that I'm sure will be just what you want."—Chattanooga News.

Disappointed.

He—I hear that your engagement is broken.

Femina—Yes; he acted horribly.

He—But I thought that you broke it?

Femina—So I did, but he made absolutely no fuss about it.—Yale Record.

A Test.

"He has been mentioned as a candidate for office very frequently."

"Yes," answered Farmer Corntossel. "The only trouble is that every time anybody mentions him the other fellers laugh."—Washington Star.

His Opinion.

"Yes, he's a confirmed bachelor. He thinks there is safety in numbers."

"Safety in numbers?"

"Yes. He says two run a good deal of risk when they become one."—New York Times.

A Take Off.

Harry (looking at his whitened coat sleeve)—That isn't much of a compliment to Carrie's complexion.

Esther—I should say not. It's a regular take off.—Boston Transcript.

His Stupid Mistake.

A well known Londoner was planning an entertainment on an elaborate scale to be given to various friends in the neighborhood of his country seat. Unfortunately his nearest neighbor, a close relative, is highly uncongenial to himself and his intimates, and he racked his brains to devise a scheme by which he might avoid the necessity of inviting the undesirable cousin to be among his guests.

"I have it!" he announced to his wife at breakfast on the morning of the event. "I'll send him some tickets for the play tonight in town. Of course he'll be delighted, as he seldom has an opportunity of going to the theater."

The tickets were accordingly sent, and the host with an easy conscience proceeded to enjoy the company of his friends. But his satisfaction was of short duration. At the height of the festivities in walked the objectionable neighbor.

"Such a stupid mistake you made!" he announced as he approached his cousin. As soon as I heard about your party I knew that you must have sent me the tickets for the wrong night; so I got them changed for tomorrow evening and came right over here as soon as I could."—Harper's Weekly.

When Vaughan Washed Windows.

Sir Francis Burnand was at one time with the Oblates of St. Charles at Bayswater when Manning was superior and Vaughan was novice master. For a jest which had made his fellow novices laugh at a solemn moment Father Vaughan, as he then was, condemned Sir Francis to clean a casement window and volunteered to show him how to do it. Thereupon he stepped out to the liberal window sill, his cassock fluttering in the friendly wind, which, moreover, shut the window. The hasp was then turned, and, the dinner bell ringing, the refractory novice went down to the refectory. In mid meal the superior became aware of a little crowd in the roadway gazing upward. What was the vision? A brief investigation resulted in the release of Father Vaughan and also of the novice. "You a priest!" exclaimed the superior. "Go and make boots." "You still commit to me the care of soles," was the parting sally of the future editor of Punch.—London Chronicle.

How Fast a Horse's Feet Move.

Did you ever think, says a horseman, how fast a horse in a 2:20 gait moves his feet? When a horse is trotting a 2:20 gait his feet move a little faster than a mile in 1:10. As his body is moving at 2:20 and as each of his feet when in contact with the ground is stationary and then is picked up and moved forward to take the next step the foot must move as much faster than the body as to make the step, which is over twice as fast. Now, the action is: The foot is at rest upon the ground and is raised some one or two feet high, then forced forward nearly the full length of the leg, then lowered to the ground and is at rest for nearly two-thirds of the time that the next step is being taken. The time, nearly two-thirds, I think, is too long, but it is from one-half to two-thirds of the next step.

Differences In Woods.

Timber is classed as hard or soft, and the main point of difference between the trees that produce these classes is that the soft wooded tree has "needle leaves," slim, narrow and almost uniform in breadth, while the hard wood trees have broad leaves of various shapes. Again, some soft wood trees carry cones, such trees being termed conifers. Resin, too, is more characteristic of soft than of hard wood. To the class of soft woods belong the pines, spruces and firs, and the most common examples of these are yellow pine, white fir, pitch pine and spruce or red fir. In the commoner hard woods are oak, beech, mahogany, ash, walnut, plane, elm, birch and ebony.

Colors That Last Longest.

As twilight approaches a garden filled with brilliant flowers the red flowers will first lose their gorgeous color as the light diminishes, and then the grass and leaves will appear grayish. The last flowers to part with their distinctive color—white flowers being left out of the account—will be the blue or violet ones. This fact is useful to such insects as, in order to avoid their enemies, visit wild flowers in the twilight.

The Usual Thing.

"I would like to know," asked the parent who had a son in need of some further education, "what is the course at your college?"

"The usual half mile course of cinders and all that sort of thing, you know," absent mindedly replied the president of the great institution.—Exchange.

The Lucky Party.

A gentleman was complimenting a pretty young lady in the presence of his wife.

"It's lucky I did not meet Miss Hopkins before I married you, my dear."

"Well, yes; it is extremely—for her," was the rejoinder.

The Ruling Passion.

Son—Pa, every now and then I see something in the papers about the "ruling passion." What is it, anyway?

Pa (after a cautious glance around the apartment)—It's a disease your ma is badly afflicted with, my son.

Not to Blame.

The Elderly Lady—They say his wife has money.

The Younger—Well, that isn't his fault. They've only been married a short time.

Every time a man comes across a lot of old clothes in the house he searches the pockets, though he never finds anything.

THIS SPACE
IS RESERVED BY
Cheney's Collecting Agency
of Towanda, Pa.

We shall from time to time offer for sale unpaid claims against delinquent debtors.

Watch this Space.

THE EMPORIUM

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HENRY KRAFT, Prop.

Is prepared to make your summer season one of good cheer.

Finest Domestic Wines and Beers,

Embracing all the popular brands. Fine line of light wines, guaranteed absolutely pure.

Celebrated Erie Beer

ALWAYS READY.

Send your orders by letter or 'phone early.

44-1y

THE CHAMPION MIXED PAINT

Sold by L. TAGGART has no superior.

Fourteen years ago I painted my house with these paints and am now, for the first time since, repainting it. H. L. Smith, the painter, says he never knew of a house in better condition for painting after having stood so long.

A gentleman, whose name I will not mention, living in our town, painted his house thirteen years ago, with these paints and he has engaged some paints to repaint, saying that he would have no other.

Dr. Heilman will also testify as to the merits of these paints. County jail painted four years ago. John Lind's two houses painted two years ago and many others, all speak for the virtue and staying qualities of these paints, and is better evidence than any man's word. Look at them; then buy the Champion paints and paint your house and be happy.

Also paper your house with the elegant wall paper at Taggart's and be doubly happy.

CENTRAL
State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.
J. R. FLICKINGER, Principal.

The Fall Term Opens September 7, 1903.

Free Tuition to Prospective Teachers

This high grade training school for teachers was never in better condition than now. The enrollment last year exceeded six hundred. Biological and Chemical laboratories have recently been added. Fine gymnasium and athletic field. Sanitary conditions are unexcelled. A large faculty of trained specialists. The school also contains a college preparatory department, business department and departments of elocution and music. The expenses are lower than those of any other institution of equal rank. Address for catalogue the Principal. 21-2m.

Balcom & Lloyd.

Prepared For the Season

We have opened and are displaying a choice line of . .

FANCY DRY GOODS

specially selected for the . .

Summer Season.

We have gathered such articles as combine elegance with and utility at

Very Reasonable ~ Prices ~

Balcom & Lloyd.

Very Encouraging.

The good people of Beechwood are rallying about their new pastor, the Rev. R. J. Knox. The interior of the church has been made very inviting through the kindness of Mrs. Nyhart, a Presbyterian lady, who worships with these people, she having furnished a handsome carpet for the pulpit and entire front of the church back to the second pew. Other improvements are under consideration, and the pastor is very much encouraged by the interest manifested on the part of the young people. He hopes to organize a Sunday School in the near future. One member was taken in at the services on Sunday evening, and two more are to be taken in two weeks later.

An Object of Contempt.

The street loafer is an object of contempt everywhere. He has no social standing anywhere. His influence, if he is so fortunate as to have any, is always in the wrong direction. No one has ever found out what he is good for except that of being in everybody's way. He is considered a common nuisance for which no one has found a successful remedy. No successful business man will employ any one whom they see hanging around on the street corners. The boy who can find nothing to do but loaf around the streets would not be of very great value to his employer. When you have nothing else to do you should spend your time in trying to learn something that will be a benefit instead of spending it in idleness. You are watched just as closely when you are not at work as you are when you are. Business men are on the lookout for boys of energy and thrift. A position is always ready for this kind of a boy. A street loafer does not want to work and could not get a position if he wanted it. "Loafer" is the only proper term for a being of this kind. He cannot be termed a boy, for a real boy cannot be idle. He cannot be called a man, for there is not a trace of manliness about the habit; so it is nothing but ignorant, idle, useless, abominable "loafer."

RIDGWAY WOMAN ASSAULTED.

Attacked in Woods While She Picked Berries.

RIDGWAY, Pa., August 10.—Fully two hundred men quit work this afternoon at the ringing of the bell in the Court House and volunteered to search the woods and country round for a villain who outraged Miss Singer, a young lady aged about twenty years.

The tragedy occured almost within sight of town. The young lady was picking berries at the time A sister who accompanied her missed her for a few minutes, and receiving no reply to her calls started in search, finding her sister bound and gagged, her body terribly bruised and scarcely a stitch of clothing left on her body.

Large numbers of men armed with guns and revolvers are looking for the brute, who is described as being of medium build, smooth face, two gold filled teeth in front and dressed in a plaid suit.

Here to Stay.

The following we clip from the Mt Jewett Hearld and it will be seen that the tanning business, is like every other, changed to meet the new conditions, and a tannery may be figured as stable and long lived:

Instead of great piles of bark surrounding a tannery at present, as was formerly the case, and a side track holding many cars of bark fresh from the tree, as in days of yore there is to be seen a much smaller store of bark, and in place of the long line of cars there will be observed one or two of an entirely different pattern. The car that to-day supplies the tannery with the required material for tanning hides closely resembles those in which oil is transported, having a tank containing thousands of gallons of extract taken from both bark and wood of different trees.

On the siding of the Mt. Jewett Tanning company, there at present stands one of these cars, No 444, and stamped as the property of the Kistler, Lesh & Co., who are, in reality, the Mt. Jewett Tanning Co. This car recently arrived in Mt. Jewett containing 57,950 pounds of the extract of chestnut oak bark. While the extract comes in a liquid form it is reckoned by pounds. This is one of the peculiarities of the business with which we have nothing to do at present. As 200 pounds of this extract is the equivalent of 2,000 pounds, or one cord, as bark is now reckoned—the long ton of 2,240 pounds having been discarded within the last few years—this single car represents 289 cords of bark or between 24 and 25 car loads. Or to put it in dollars and cents at a rate of $9.00 per cord, the present price of bark delivered, $2,601.

"Sufficient of the extract is used daily to offset 11 cords of bark, or about one half the amount required by the plant. In addition to this it has left the firm independent of the local bark supply, and assures the life of the plant for such period as the extract may be obtained, and as it is now made from a number of different trees and plants which grow throughout the world, in addition to hemlock, oak and other barks, the business can be said to be a continuous one.

Card of Thanks.

We take this method of expressing our sincere thanks to the kind friends and neighbors who so generously assisted us during the sickness and death of our beloved son and brother.

GEORGE LININGER AND FAMILY.

It is usually the faithless ones who exact the most inflexible loyality.

State Gets Fish Hatchery Site.

At a public meeting in the court house at Bellefonte last Thursday, Judge John G. Love, representing the citizens of Centre county, publicly presented to State Fish Commissioner W. E. Meehan, representing the Commonwealth, the deeds for the land donated as a site for a State fish hatchery.

The speech of presentation by Judge Love, was responded to by Commissioner Meehan, who announced that the new hatchery would be called the Bellefonte Hatchery. After the public meeting the commission and the local reception committee were driven to the site of the new hatchery, which is located about four miles from Bellefonte, near Pleasant Gap station, and along the line of the Lewisburg and Tyrone Railway. There are fifteen acres in the plot and the hatchery, which will be built at once, will be the largest in the State.

May Have Two Murder Cases.

It looks as though Potter county would have two murder cases on her hands, Byron McNess who was shot by Ebert Pierce, near Savoy, on Thursdey, died Friday. About 1.30 o'clock Saturday morning John Berdamier was stabbed twice in the breast, and it is feared he will die The man who did the stabbing escaped.

Berdamier was talking with James Wade, in East Coudersport. They were standing alongside a building, about ten feet from the sidewalk when a man—said to be a stranger to both—rushed up and without a word, stabbed Berdamier twice in the breast before he could defend himself. The man then ran away.

One of the thrusts pierced Berdamier's lung, and the doctors say that it will be remarkable if he recovers. Berdamier is about twenty-three years of age.

Attempted Murder.

Esther Murphy, a pretty waiter at the Allegheny house, at Clearfield, last Monday morning, was shot and dangerously wounded by a young man named Wainwright, of Benezette, Elk county, in the lobby of the hotel.

Wainwright carried an insulting note to the girl, it is alleged, and she struck him. He was ordered from the house, but returned and awaited an opportunity to see the girl.

After shooting Miss Murphy Wainwright escaped through the front door, closely pursued by a crowd of men. He was captured after a spirited and exciting case and taken to jail.

On his person were found two revolvers, some poison, three rings, five purses and $7.99. He was porter at the house.

THE TREATING HABIT.

It Costs its Victims Many a Dollar and Many a Pang.

Is it not a fact that men really spend in treating, amounts that they would hesitate to give away no matter how deserving the charity? It is a trait of human character that comes through this all absorbing disposition to "hold your end up" when with a friend. Hundreds of men take thousands of drinks that they do not want, and other hundreds pay for thousands that are not desired.

Two men meet, and one says: "Mighty glad to see you, let's have something." Neither generally needs or even wants a drink. But the man who offers it wants to show that he is generous. He takes this method of proving that he is glad to meet his friend. The friend after he has taken the drink he did not want to prove that he, too, is a good fellow, insists upon a second round.

The German custom of entering a saloon, taking a drink and paying for it and for no others, if adopted in America, would prove a blessing. The American custom of treating is decidedly a curse. What we do for friendship's sake costs us many a dollar and many a pang.—Springfield Union.

For Sale Cheap.

A quantity of second-hand window sask, casing and blinds complete. A number of doors and casings, all in good order.

Also a counter, drawers, shelving, show case, store front, etc. Five barrels of mortar ready for use. Any one needing anything in this line will find it greatly to their interest to call on me. FRANK SHIVES.

19tf

Girl Wanted.

A good girl for general house work wanted at once.

Apply to P. C. DEMING,
21-tf Cameron, Pa.

"The Veil of Solana" by Mrs. Emma Mersereau Newton. For sale at L. Taggart's drug store. 24 4t.

Fewer gallons; wears longer; Devoe.

Call and see N. Seger, Mr. man, your clothes are getting rather shabby. He can fit you out for a little money.

All Smokers smoke the 'W. H. Mayer" hand made cigar, the best five cent cigar on the market. Be sure you ask for it 24-tf.

WANTED—An active man to sell Tea, Coffee, Baking Powder, Spices and Extract. Liberal commission allowed. Apply to Grand Union Tea Company, 33 Long Ave., DuBois, Pa. 25 3t.

First Fork.

M. J. Logue is recovering from his aberation of mind.

The hail storm on Thursday afternoon did no damage of any account.

Brooks Lorshbaugh left on Saturday for Garden Valley, Idaho, where he expects to secure some timber claims.

Farmers are having a tough time for haying and harvest, and are blaming it all on St. Swithin, and the weather makers.

It is reported that Eben Pierce, of Moore City, shot and instantly killed a man by the name of VanNess, at Costello, on Saturday. The weapon was a Marlin rifle. The particulars have not reached this point yet.

The last camp on Norcross run is being torn down and moved up to the Jamison, by Wm. Haskins, and soon the last of the boys will be out when the track will be moved onto this year's operations, on the East Fork.

The measles are mowing a wide swath through this section—with no fatalities. They have got the last one of William Swank's family down. A total of eight or ten within two weeks. Joe Bowers had a tussle with them but is coming out ahead, under Dr. Colcord's care.

The school term commenced in this township Aug. 3d, with Miss Maud Wykoff "handling the birch," at Gilmore school; Miss Viola Housler at Bailey; Miss Smith at Haynes', and her brother at the Miller school. The last two are son and daughter of landlord Smith, at Lorshbaugh. The school directors have had all four of the school buildings painted two coats outside; lavender body with white trimmings, which makes them look quite neat. They are all in need of repair work on the interior too, but the directors decided to postpone that matter until next year. "Bob" Lightner, of Sinnamahoning, had the contract and was assisted by Clyde Krebs, of the same place.

Sterling Run.

The Rev. J. C. Wharton, wife and little daughter Ruth, left for their home at Falls Creek last Thursday, after a two weeks' visit with friends at Sterling Run. Mrs. W. was formerly a Cameron county school teacher.

Miss Ruth Lewis, of Vineland, N. J., left for her home on Friday, after a sojourn of several weeks, visiting relatives and taking in the pure mountain air at Sterling Run, Emporium, and Driftwood, also at Ceres, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls. She was accompanied home by her cousin, Mr. Robert Gentry, who will visit relatives and take in the sights at Lancaster, Philadelphia, Vineland and Atlantic City, before he returns.

A Relic of The Accident.

A silver watch which belonged to one of the ill-fated crew, which went through the Lycoming creek bridge with the oyster train on that stormy Sunday morning. Was found in the sand just below the bridge Tuesday.

The fatal accident of December 15, 1901 when the oyster train on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad ran through the Lycoming creek bridge, carrying down with it the engineer, fireman and a brakeman to death in the raging muddy waters of the creek, was brought vividly back in the memory of the people of Williamsport yesterday by the finding of a watch which had belonged to one of the unfortunate men, the body of one of whom has never been recovered.

The watch is a heavy open faced time piece. The ring by which the watch chain was attached is gone and the water has entirely destroyed the mainspring. In the back of the case is a photograph, but long exposure has faded it out so that it is no longer of any value as a means of identification.

The watch was found by some young men who were digging in the sand for lamprey eels, and is now in the possession of James A. Moyer, 487 Hepburn street.

For a year and a half the watch has been buried under the sands of the creek before being found and brought to the surface for identification.

A hero's reputation is never quite safe until he is dead and buried.

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and certain to act, always use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by Jno E. Smith, Sterling Run.

Misfortunes never come singly — especially where twins are concerned.

DeWitt is the Name.

When you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve look for the name DeWitt on every box. The unadulerated Witch Hazel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles. The popularity of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve; due to its many cures, has caused many worthless counterfeits to be placed on the market. The geneuine bears the name of E. C DeWitt & Co, Chicago. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

The report that the President refused to permit a picnic of the poor children on the White House grounds because colored children had been excluded when the invitations were sent out is another newspaper "fake." The real reason is that the "little dears" do nearly a thousand dollars damage every Easter Monday, when they are permitted to roll eggs on the White House Lawn, and the officers at the White House thought one such picnic a year was enough.

A Sensible Mayor.

Mayor Kennedy, of Butler is a broad minded and sensible man. When petitioned by the Ministerial Association of that growing city to enforce the closing of confectionery and cigar stores on Sunday he replied in the following spirited and sane manner.

"Please be consistent. Why ask the dispenser of soda water or a toby to relinquish his trade, while the Mayor of Greater Butler keeps open house with a fine lot of horses at the service of the public seven days a week? Why ask the man with big rent on Main street, who has a hard enough time getting along, to cut down his sales and leave the Standard Steel Car Company alone? Why is supplying means to quench the public thirst not a matter of public good when the Butler street railway lines are ready to take you to the park to cool?

"There are also within the borough limits oil men working more than 12 hours a day who hardly know what Sunday is or when it comes, and yet some oil magnates are called philanthropists.

As Mayor I will enforce the laws in existance, but will not make new ones that will lead the outside world to think I am a fossil or beloug to a past generation. If action must be taken on the Sunday question, and that action the closing of the soda water stores, the Ministerial Association is referred to the District Attorney for aid in the cause."

No Apology.

"Be men," said the doctor to his class of bright eyed students, "strong, self controlled, manly men. Build your character up to full measure, make it such that others can rely upon it and not be disappointed. Don't be apologies for men, nor men that need apologizing for. Did you ever notice how many people there are for whom their friends are continually having to make excuses?" "That's his way; we always have to make allowance for that." 'He is so quick tempered that it often makes him unreasonable, but he is good hearted down under it all.' 'You can count on him if you take him in the right mood' and so on. I charge you, boys, to be masters of your moods, your tempers and your ways. Never let them get so strong that they shall represent you to the world, that you shall be known by them rather than by anything else that may be in you. No one has a right to do business on the patience of his friends, or to expect those around him to excuse the faults and weaknesses he can remedy. what the world wants is the man who has honestly made the best of himself and who needs no apology."

The Dutchman and His Dog.

A Dutchman addressing his dog said: "You was only a dog but, I wish I was you. When you go mit your bed to you shust turn around dree times and lay down; ven I go mit the bed in I have to lock up de blace, and vind up the clock, and put the cat out, and undress myself, and my frau vakes up and scolds, den de baby vakes up and cries and I have to valk mit de house round, den maybe ven I gets myself to bed it is time to get up again. Ven you get up you shust stretch yourself, dig your neck a leetle and you vas up. I hat to light de fire, put on the kiddle, scrap some mid my vife already, and git myself breakfast. You play round all day and haf plenty of fun. I haf to work all day and haf plenty of drubbles. Ven you die you vas dead; ven I die I haf to go to hell yet."

Fear of Smallpox Epidemic.

The health authorities of Pennsylvania fear a general epidemic of smallpox as soon as the cool weather of autumn sets in, and the sanitary officers in all the towns and cities are being quietly urged to exert every effort to prevent the disease gaining a foothold in their respective communities. Smallpox is slowly but surely gaining a foothold in many cities of the state, but the fact is kept secret by the authorities and the press of the communities where the disease exists. In Philadelphia last week there were ten deaths from the contagion.

Mileage for County Directors.

Under the new law public school directors are entitled to receive mileage for attending the annual meetings of the County Directors' association at the rate of three cents per mile. The law provides that the annual meeting shall not be held during the week of the county institute.

Taken With Cramps.

Wm. Kirmse, a member of the bridge gang working near Littleport was taken suddenly ill Thursday night with cramps and a kind of cholera. His case was so severe that he had to have the members of the crew wait upon him and Mr. Gifford was called and consulted. He told them he had a medicine in the form of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy that he thought would help him out and accordingly several doses were administered with the result that the fellow was able to be around next day. The incident speaks quite highly of Mr. Gifford's medicines.—Elkader, Iowa, Argus.

This remedy never fails. Keep it in your home, it may save life. For sale by L. Taggart.

Warning.

All persons are herby forbidden from trespassing upon the property of this Company without a permit from this office or the Superintendant at the works.

KEYSTONE POWDER MFG. CO.
Emporium, Pa., August 1st, 1903.
24-tf.

Mrs. Mollie Allen, of South Fork, Ky., says she has prevented attacks of cholera morbus by taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when she felt an attack coming on. Such attacks are usually caused by indigestion and these Tablets are just what is needed to cleanse the stomach and ward off the approaching attack. Attacks of bilious colic may be prevented in the same way. For sale by L. Taggart.

Save the Children.

Ninety-nine of every one hundred diseases that children have are due to disorders of the stomach and these disorders are all caused by indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is just as good for children as it is for adults. Children thrive on it. It keeps their little stomaches sweet and encourages their growth and development. Mrs. Henry Carter, 705 Central St., Nashville, Tenn., says: "My little boy is now three years old and has been suffering from indigestion ever since he was born. I have had the best doctors in Nashville but failed to do him any good. After using one bottle of Kodol he is a well baby. I recommend it to all sufferers. "Kodol digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

Some people rejoice in the strengh of mind of their children but lose sight of the strength of don't mind.

Potent Pill Pleasure.

The pills that are potent in their action and pleasant in effect are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. W. S. Philpot of Albany, Ga., says "During a bilious attack I took one. Small as it was it did me more good than calomel blue-mass or any other pills I ever took and at the same time it effected me pleasantly Little Early Risers are certainly an ideal pill." Sold by R. C. Dodson.

The lawyer's brief seldom demonstrates that brevity is the soul of wit.

Eat All You Want.

Persons troubled with indigestion or Dyspepsia can eat all they want if they will take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. This remedy prepares the stomach for the reception, retention, digestion and assimilation of all of the wholesome food that may be eaten, and enables the digestive organs to transform the same into the kind of blood that gives health and strength. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

EXCURSION NOTICES.

Volunteer Firemen at DuBois.

On account of the meeting and parades of the Northwestern Pennsylvania Volunteer Firemen's Association, at DuBois, Pa., August 19 to 21, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to DuBois, Pa., August 18 to 21, good to return until August 22, inclusive from Erie, Sunbury, and intermediate stations on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division, including branches, and from all stations on the Buffalo and Allegany Valley Division in the State of Pennsylvania, at rate of single fare for the round trip. 2848 25-1t.

Reduced Rates to the Sea Shore.

The next Pennsylvania Railroad low-rate excursion for the present season from Erie, Rousville, Corry, Dunkirk, Buffalo, Olean, Rochester, Bradford, Tionesta, Warren, Clermont, DuBois, and principal intermediate stations to Renovo, inclusive, to Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, or Ocean City, N. J., will be run on August 18. A similar excursion will be run on August 23.

Excursion tickets, good to return by regular trains within fifteen days, will be sold at very low rates. Tickets to Atlantic City will be sold via the Delaware River Bridge Route, the only all-rail line, or via Market Street Wharf, Philadelphia. Tickets from Erie, Rouseville, Tionesta, Dunkirk, Ludlow, and intermediate stations will be good going only on traim No 4, leaving Erie at 5.35 P. M., and connecting trains therewith. Tickets from other points good going on all regular trains.

Stop over can be had at Philadelphia either going or returning.

For information in regard to specific rates and time of trains consult hand bills, apply to ticket agents; E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport, Pa., or B. P. Fraser, Passenger Agent, Buffalo Division, 307 Main Street, Ellicott Square, Buffalo, N. Y.

2854-25-1t.

Niagara Falls.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has sected the following dates for its popular ten-day excursions to Niagara Falls from Washington and Baltimore; July 24, August 7 and 21, September 4 and 18, and October 2 and 16. On these dates the special train will leave Washington at 8:00 a. m., Baltimore 9:05 a. m., York 10:45 a. m., Harrisburg 11:40 a. m., Millersburg 12:20 p. m., Sunbury 12:58 p. m., Williamsport 2:30 p. m., Lock Haven 3:03 p. m., Renovo 3:55 p. m., Emporium Junction 5:05 p. m.; arriving Niagara-Falls at 9:45 p. m.

Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at $10.00 from Washington and Baltimore; $9.35 from York; $10.00 from Littlestown; $10.00 from Oxford, Pa.; $9.35 from Columbia; $8.50 from Harrisburg; $10.00 from Winchester, Va.; $7.80 from Altoona, $7.40 from Tyrone; $6.45 from Bellefonte; $5.10 from Ridgway; $6.90 from Sunbury and Wilkes-Barre; $5.75 from Williamsport; $4.15 from Emporium and at proportionate rates from principal points. A stopover will be allowed at Buffalo within limit of ticket returning.

The special trains of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches will be run with each excursion running through to Niagara Falls. An extra charge will be made for parlor car seats.

An experienced tourist agent and chaperon will accompany each excursion.

For descriptive pamphlet, time of connecting trains, and further information apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 2798-21-6t.

Portage Falls.

On July 26, August 9 and 23, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will run special excursions to Portage Falls by special train on the schedule indicated below. Round-trip tickets valid for passage only on date of issue on special train in each direction, will be sold at the rate indicated.

	Train leaves.		Rate.
Emporium	8 00	A. M.	$1 00
Emporium Junction	8 03	"	1 00
Shippen	8 13	"	1 00
Keating Summit	8 33	"	1 00
Port Allegany	8 50	"	1 00
Turtle Point	9 00	"	90
Larabee	9 08	"	80
Eldred	9 14	"	75
Bullis Mill	9 22	"	70
Portville	9 29	"	65
Olean	9 45	"	50
Portage Falls Park	Ar. 11 30	"	

Returning special train will leave Portage Falls Park 5:15 p. m., arriving Olean 6:57, Emporium, 8:45. 2790-21-6t.

SPECIAL RATES.

The MISSOURI PACIFIC RY., will sell tickets to the following points at greatly reduced rates during the coming summer.

DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS or PUEBLO, Colo., and Salt Lake City or Ogden, Utah, and return, until Sept., 30th at one fare, plus 50 cents, from St. Louis

Various points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at about half fare.

SAN FRANCISCO and return, from August 5th to 14th, account NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT G. A. R., at rate of $47.50 from ST. LOUIS.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION TICKETS to almost all points in the WEST and SOUTHWEST at the rate of ONE FARE, plus two dollars FOR ROUND TRIP from ST. LOUIS.

For full information, schedule of trains, and illustrated literature, address Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, Room 905, Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

WANTED:

Hardwood Timber Lands.

APPLY TO

W. A. PRESBY,

Purchasing Agent.

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DeWitt

DeWitt is the name to look for when you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the original and only genuine. In fact DeWitt's is the only Witch Hazel Salve that is made from the unadulterated

Witch-Hazel

All others are counterfeits—base imitations, cheap and worthless—even dangerous. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is a specific for Piles; Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Protruding Piles. Also Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Lacerations, Contusions, Boils, Carbuncles, Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all other Skin Diseases.

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After fifty years Dr. Humphreys' Specifics enjoy the greatest popularity and largest sale in their history, due to intrinsic merit. **They cure the sick.**

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo..	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods....	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions..	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
28	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed..	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

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produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

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